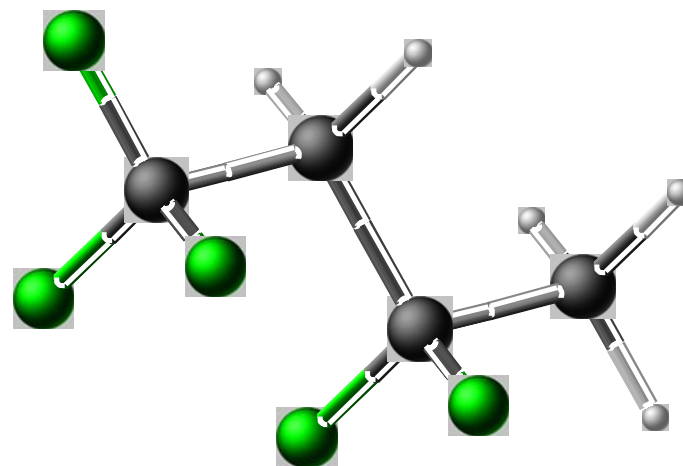
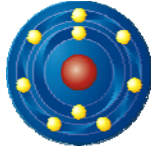


# Solkane<sup>®</sup> 365mfc based solutions as alternative to HCFC141b

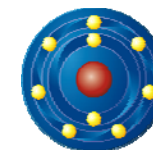
economical, ecological and technical considerations

**Solvay Fluor GmbH**  
**Hans-Böckler-Allee 20**  
**D-30173 Hannover**



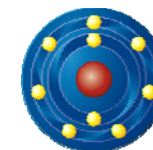


- ① Physical data - blowing agents in comparison
- ② Blowing agents in foams
- ③ Co-Blowing
- ④ Safety and handling
- ⑤ Flammability in systems




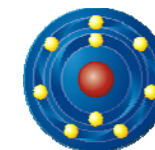
## Physical properties in comparison

	<b>HCFC-141b</b>	<b>HFC-365mfc</b>	<b>HFC-245fa</b>	<b>HFC-134a</b>	<b>HFC-227ea</b>
Structure	$\text{CCl}_2\text{F}-\text{CH}_3$	$\text{CF}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CH}_3$	$\text{CF}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$	$\text{CF}_3-\text{CFH}_2$	$\text{CF}_3-\text{CFH}-\text{CF}_3$
Mol.-Weight	116,9	148	134	102	170
Boiling Point [°C]	31,7	40,2	15,3	-26,1	-17,0
Vapour pressure at 20 °C [bar]	0,6	0,4	1,2	5,7	3,9
lambda [gas at 25 °C]	9,5	10,6	12,2	13,4	12,7
Flash point	none	-27	none	none	none
Flammability limits [% by volume]	7,4 - 17,7	3,6 - 13,3	none	none	none



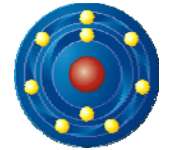
## Physical properties in comparison

	HCFC-141b	HFC-365mfc	n-pentane	i-pentane	c-pentane
Structure	$\text{CCl}_2\text{F-CH}_3$	$\text{CF}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CF}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$	$\text{CH}_3\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_3\text{-CH}_3$	$\text{CH}_3\text{-CH(CH}_3\text{)-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$	
Mol.-Weight	116,9	148	72	72	70
Boiling Point [°C]	31,7	40,2	36,1	27,8	49,5
Vapour pressure at 20 °C [bar]	0,6	0,4	0,6	0,8	0,35
lambda at 25 °C [mW/m.K]	9,5	10,6	15,2	14,7	12,0
Flash point [°C]	none	-27	-49	-57	-37
Flammability limits [% by volume]	7,4 - 17,7	3,6 - 13,3	1,4 - 7,8	1,4 - 8,3	1,4 - 8,3



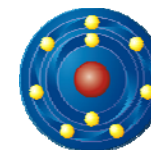
## Physical properties in comparison

	<b>HCFC- 141b</b>	<b>HFC- 365mfc</b>	<b>Dimethoxymethane (Methylal)</b>	<b>Methylmethanoate (Methylformiate)</b>
Structure	$\text{CCl}_2\text{F-CH}_3$	$\text{CF}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CF}_2\text{-CH}_3$	$\text{CH}_3\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_3$	$\text{CH}_3\text{OOCH}$
Mol.-Weight	116,9	148	76	60
Boiling Point [°C]	31,7	40,2	41	32
Vapour pressure at 20 °C [bar]	0,65	0,43	0,44	0,58
lambda at 25 °C [mW/m.K]	9,5	10,6	13,1	10,7
Flash point [°C]	none	-27	-18	-32
Flammability limits [% by volume]	7,4 - 17,7	3,6 - 13,3	2,2 – 19,9	5 - 23



## Physical properties in comparison

	HCFC-141b	HFC-365mfc	HFC-245fa	n-Pentane	c-Pentane	Methylal	Methylformiate
MW	116.95	148.08	134.05	72	70.14	76	60
Bp	31.7	40.2	15.3	36.1	49.5	41	32 [°C]
k-Factor	9.5	10.6	12.2	15.2	12	13.1	10.7 [mW/m.K]
GWP	725	890	950	3 - 7	11	negligible	~ 1
ODP	0.11	0	0	0	0	0	0
VOC	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
Flammability	none	yes	none	yes	yes	yes	yes
LEL	5.6	3.6	-	1.4	1.4	2.2	5 [% by volume]
UEL	17.7	13.3	-	7.8	8.3	19.9	23 [% by volume]

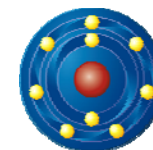


## Toxicology / Notification

---

	HCFC-141b	HFC-365mfc
Acute Toxicity, LC 50 (rats)	62 000 ppm	> 100 000 ppm
NOAEC chronic	7,3 g/m <sup>3</sup> (2 y)	90 g/m <sup>3</sup> (90 d)
Mutagenicity	negative	negative
Card.sens. (Threshold)	0,5 %	7,5 %
ELINCS – No.:	404-080-1	430-250-1

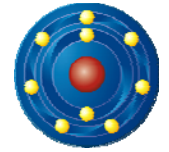
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## Commercial available Blends

<b>Product</b>	<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Recommendation</b>
Solkane 365mfc	flammable	Additive for pentane boards
Solkane 365/227 93:7	non flammable	Foaming agent for direct production
Solkane 365/227 87:13	non flammable	Foaming agent for systems

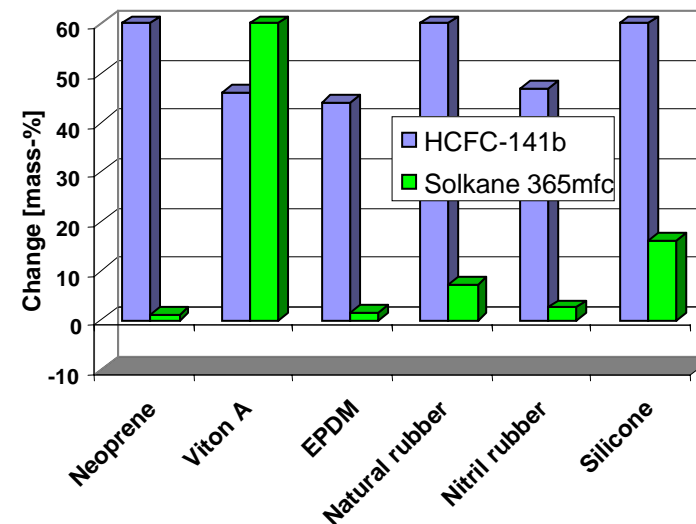
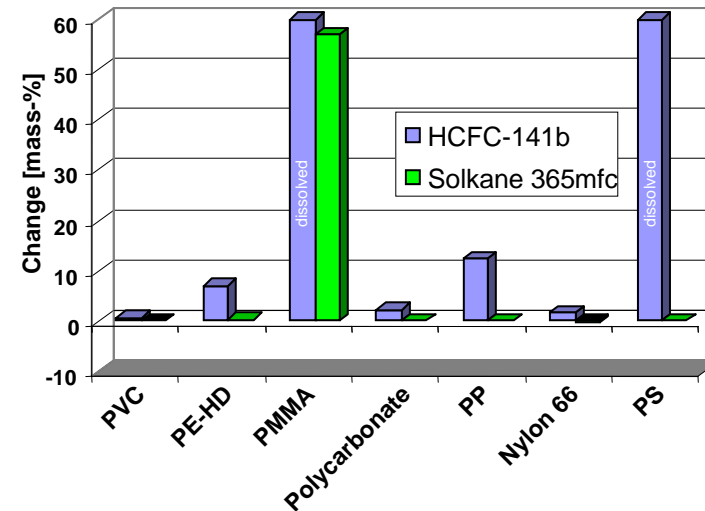


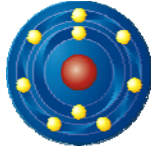


# Compatibility with materials

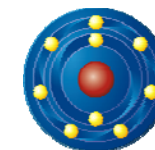
Materials	HCFC-141b	Solkane 365mfc
Thermoplastics		
PVC	0,77	-0,02
PE-HD	7,1	0,37
PMMA	dissolved	57
Polycarbonate	2,3	0,27
PP	12,5	0,16
Nylon 66	1,87	-0,33
PS	dissolved	0,19
Elastomers		
Neoprene	87	1,02
Viton A	46	90,5
EPDM	44	1,6
Natural rubber	185	7,2
Nitril rubber	47	2,5
Slicone	110	16,1

After 7 days immersion : (% by weight)



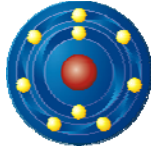


- ④ Physical data - blowing agents in comparison
- ④ **Blowing agents in foams**
- ④ Co-Blowing
- ④ Safety and handling
- ④ Flammability in systems



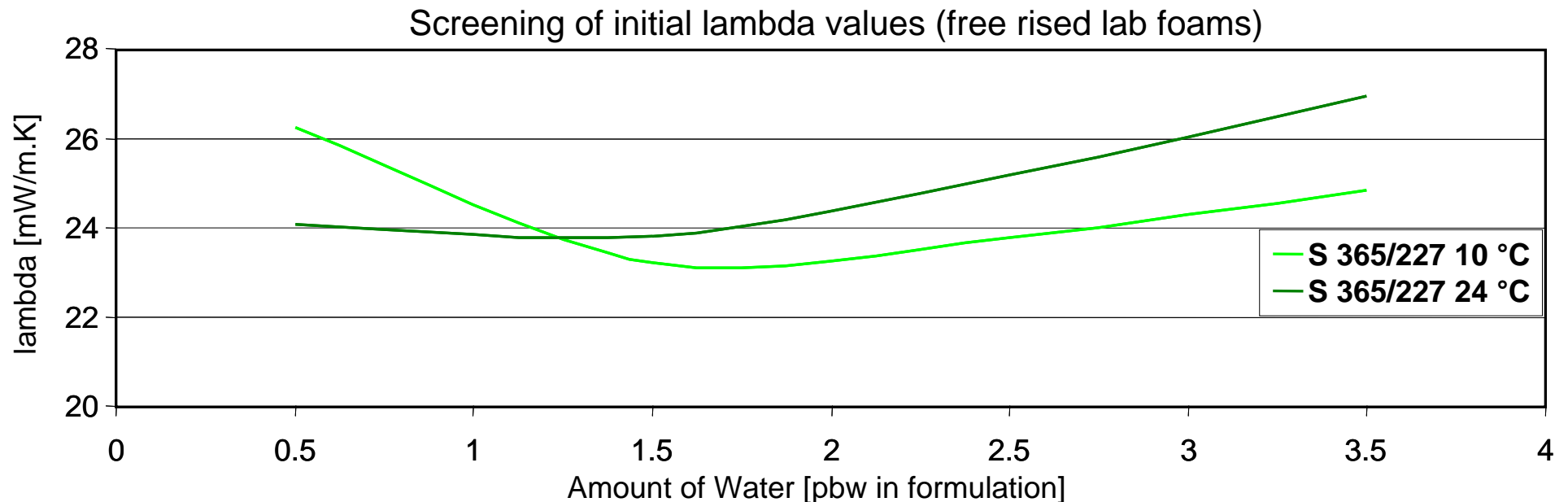
## Solubility of Solkane 365mfc in comparison

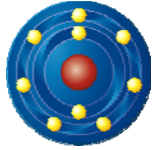
	HCFC-141b	Solkane 365mfc	n-pentane	c-pentane
<b>Polyether</b>				
Daltolac 585-8	complete soluble	32	4,5	11
IXOL B251	3	0,3	1,4	2,2
IXOL M125	37	5,3	2,1	5,6
Tercarol A 350	complete soluble	complete soluble	36	complete soluble
Tercarol RF 55	complete soluble	complete soluble	4,5	18
Voranol RA 640	complete soluble	complete soluble	20	complete soluble
<b>Polyester</b>				
Repol 201-28	57	21	2,7	5,4
Stepanpol PS 3152	34	31	6,5	6,6
Terate 203	32	18	1,3	no data
Terate 2541	42	11	0,1	no data
<b>Miscellaneous</b>				
TCPD	complete soluble	complete soluble	10	complete soluble
MDI 44 V20	complete soluble	12	4,1	6,6
Dipropylene glycole	complete soluble	complete soluble	13	36



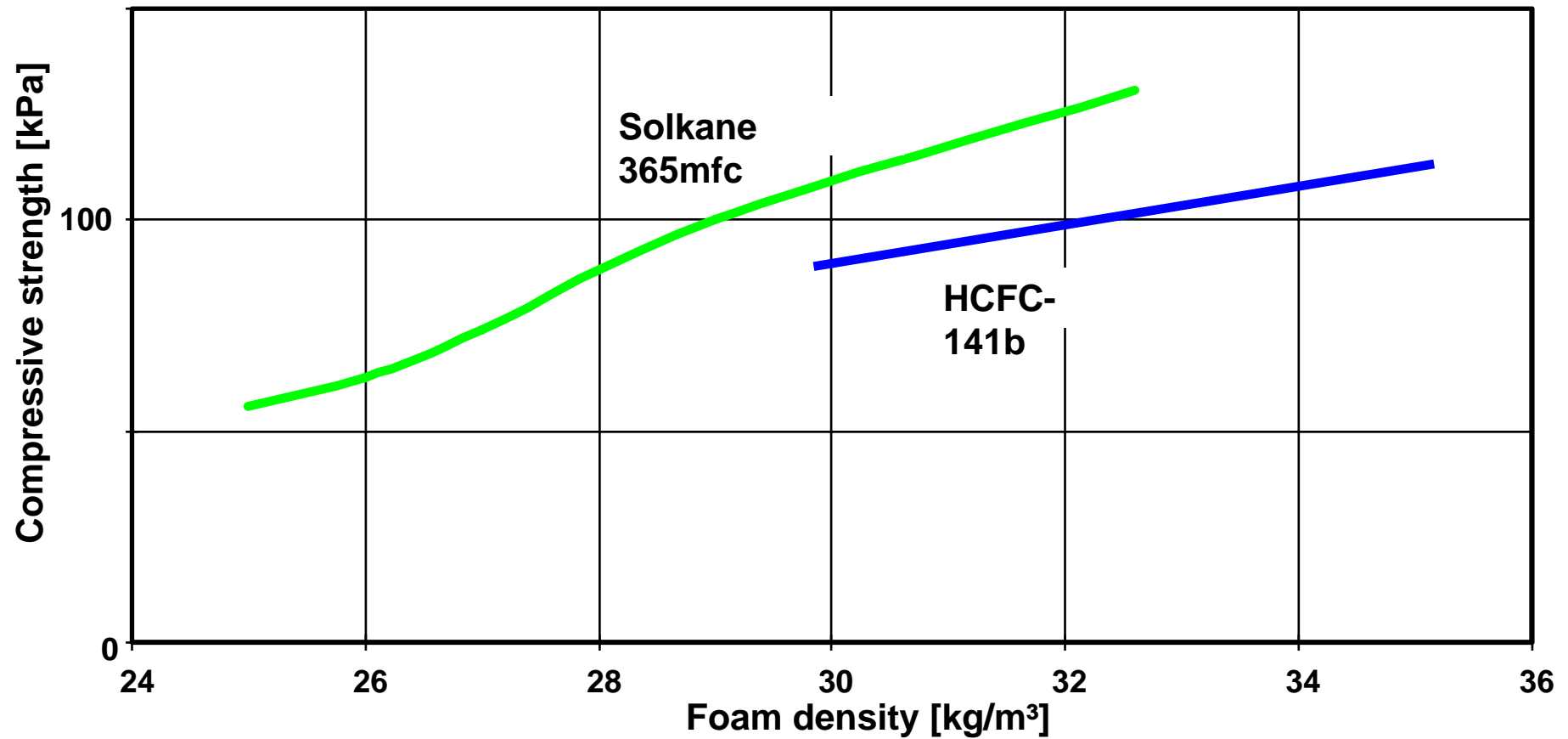
## Strategies to phase out HCFC-141b

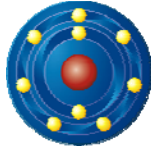
- Step 1: exchange HCFC-141b with Solkane 365/227 in molar ratio 117 : 148
- Step 2: exchange Solkane 365/227 stepwise with water to reduce density and adjust Comp. Strength in parallel



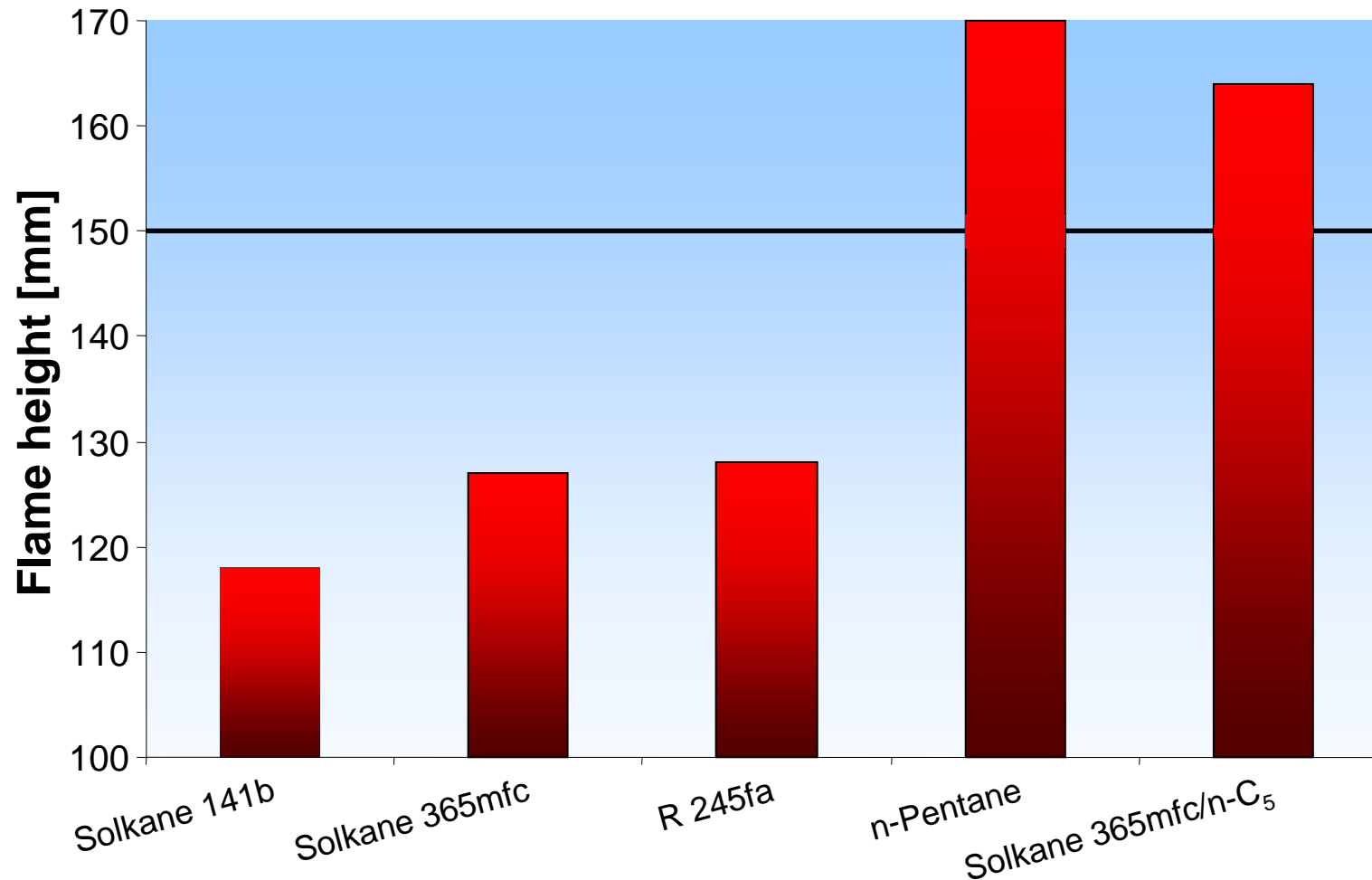


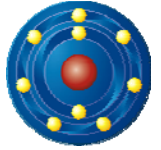
## Influence of blowing agent to comp. strength





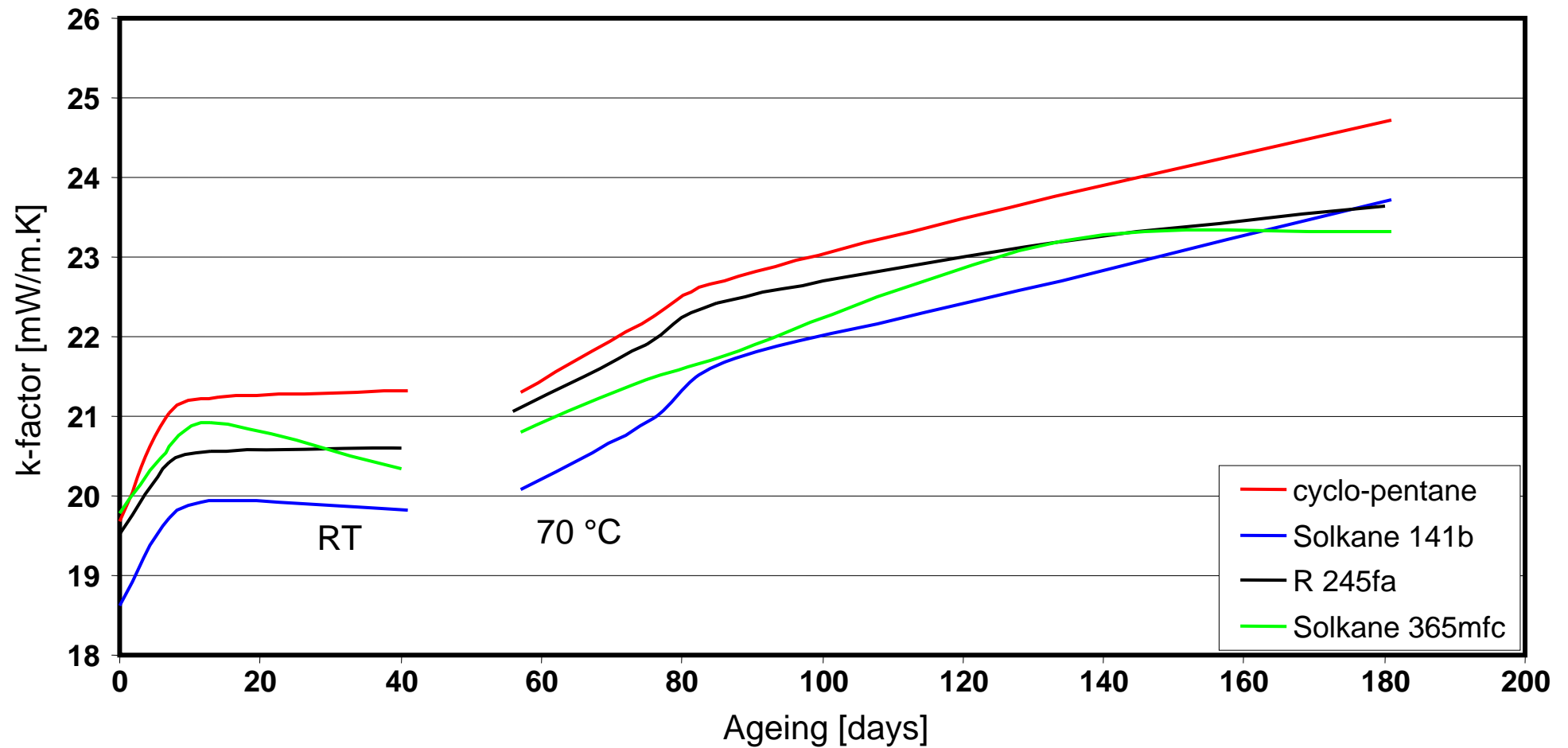
# Flammability in Foams in Comparison EN ISO 11925-2 – Ignitability Test (B2)

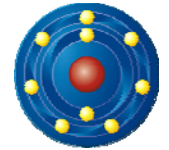




# Ageing of foams in comparison

(measuring temperature 24 °C)





## Solkane 365/227 (93:7)

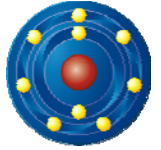
Typical performance in application

### Laminates

	HCFC-141b	HFC-365mfc	S 365mfc/ i-pentane	S 365mfc/ R 245fa	n-pentane
Lambda initial [mW/m.K, 10 °C]	18,6	19,5	19,8	19,1	22,5

Application	Construction Elements	Discont. Elements	Spray	Pour-In -Place
Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	39	32	62	49
Lambda initial [mW/m.K, 10 °C]	20	20,5	21	20,5





## Best results in practise:

Object: cont. Panel

Facing: 50  $\mu\text{m}$  Aluminium

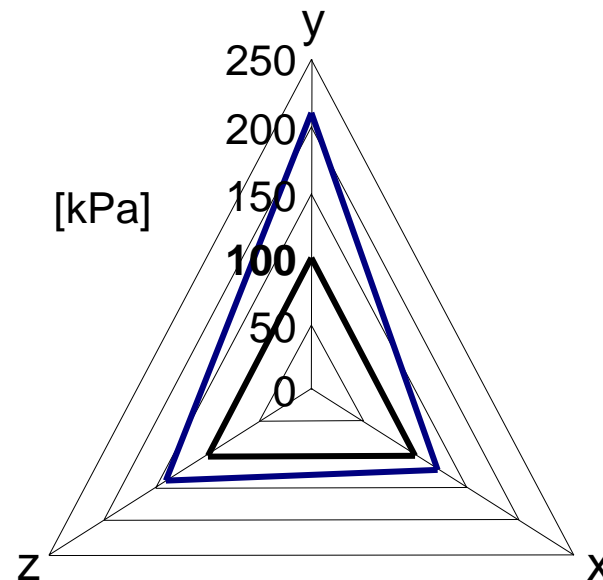
Blowing Agent: Solkane 365/245 60:40

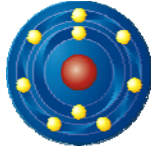
Core Density: 30  $\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$

Cell Orientation:

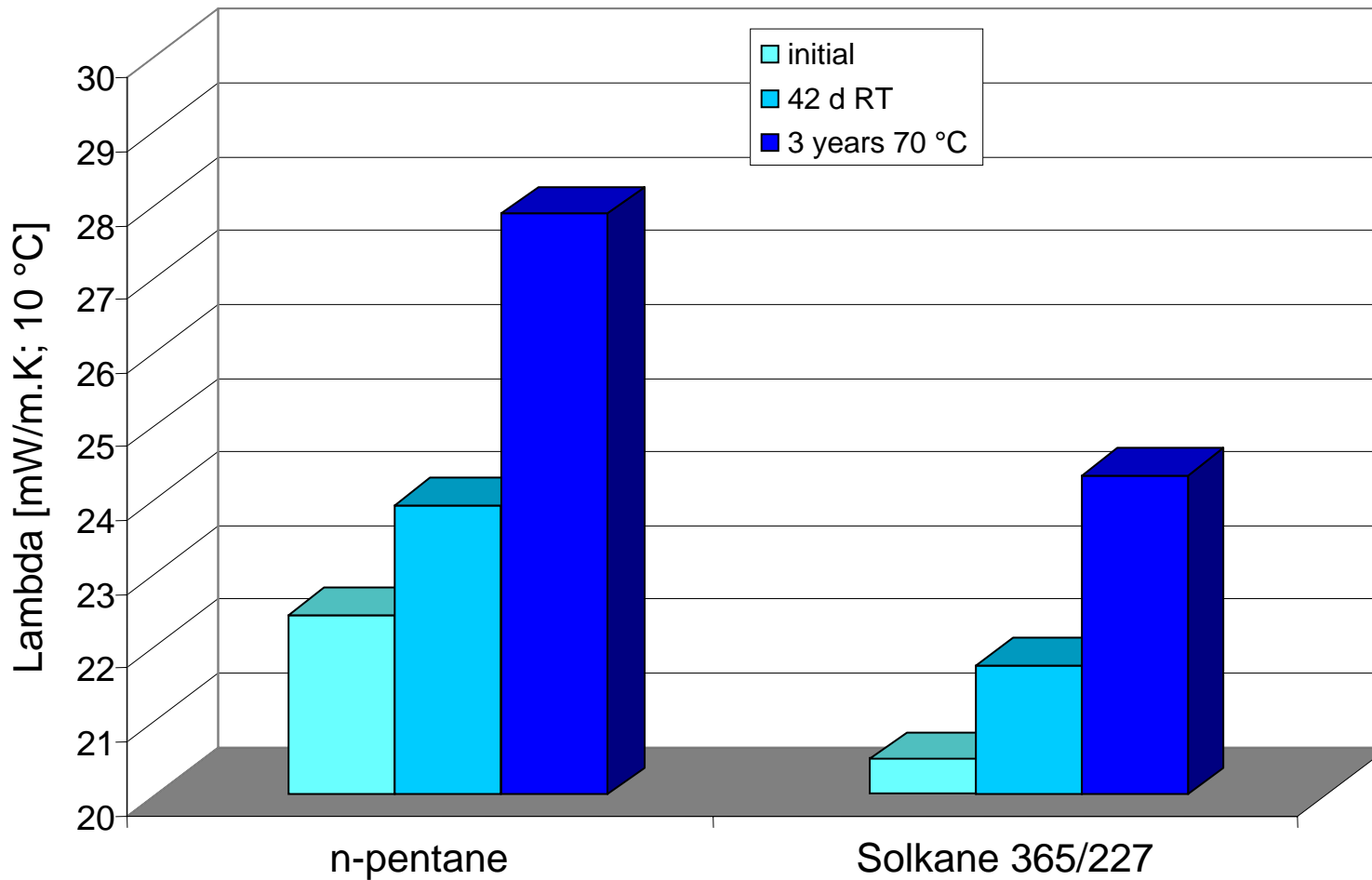
Lambda (10 °C; initial):

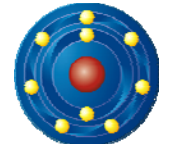
**18.5  $\text{mW}/\text{m.K}$**



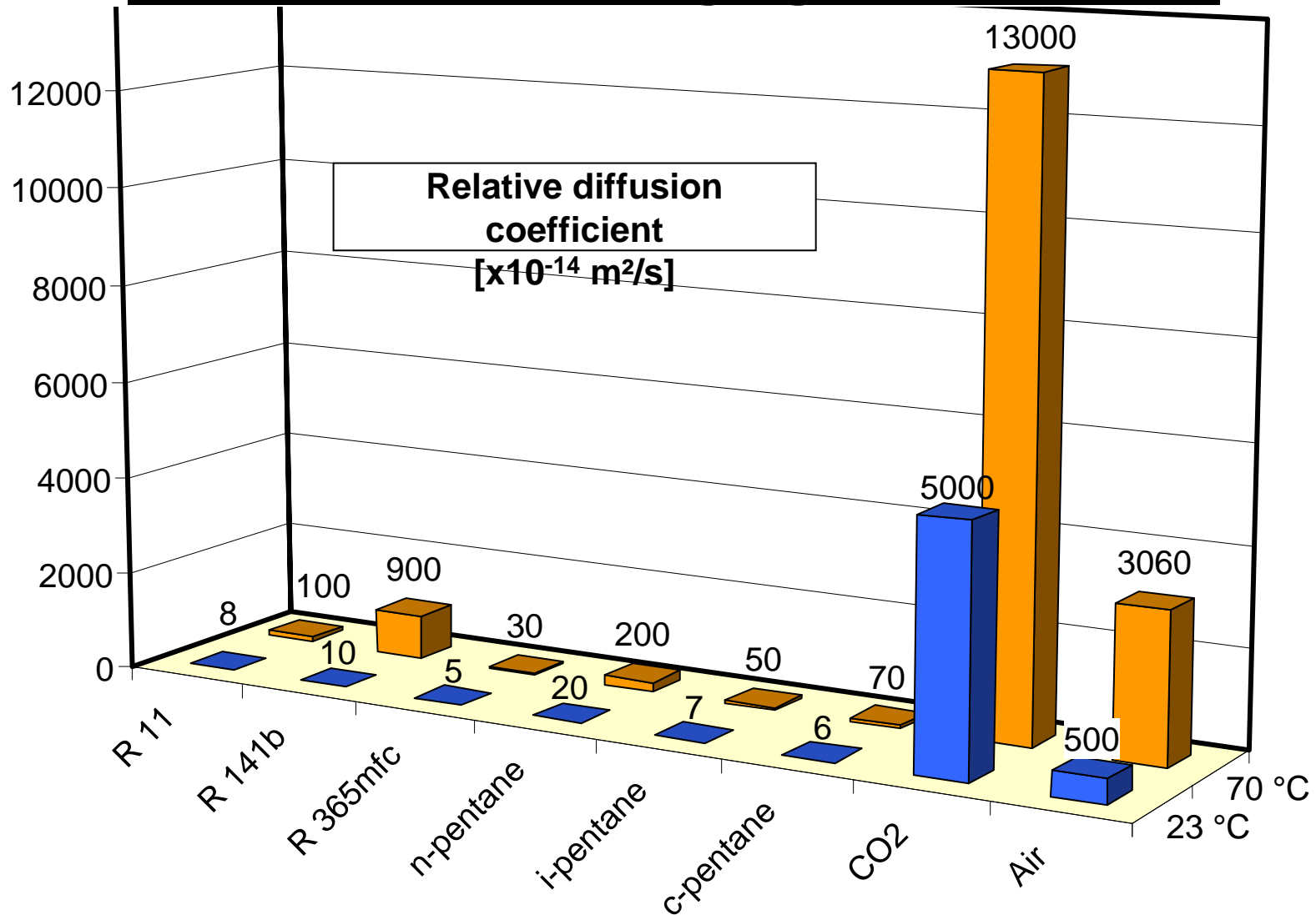


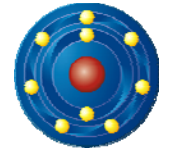
# Lambda Behaviour of Solkane 365mfc in Comparison Long Term



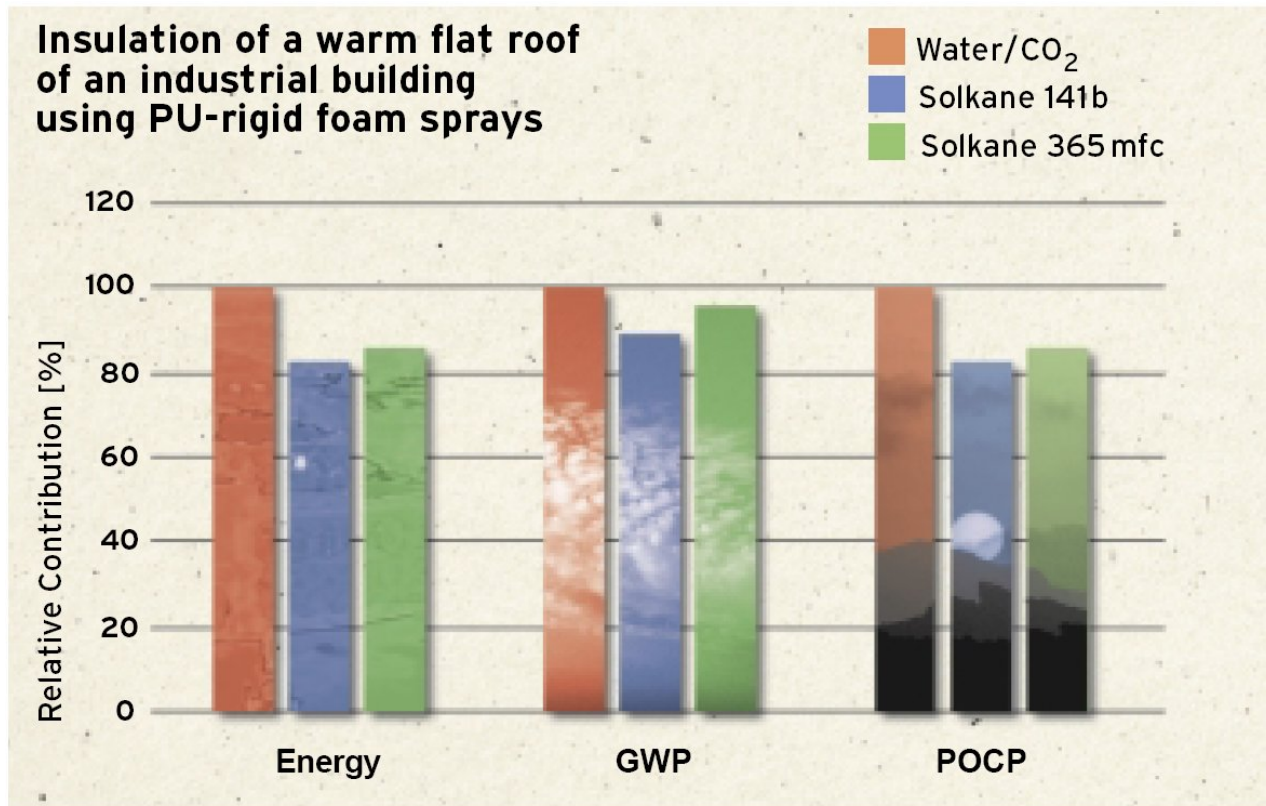


## Diffusion of blowing agents in foams





# Life Cycle Environmental Profile of Water/CO<sub>2</sub> vs HCFC-141b vs Solkane 365mfc



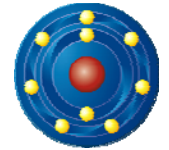
Partners:

Elastogran

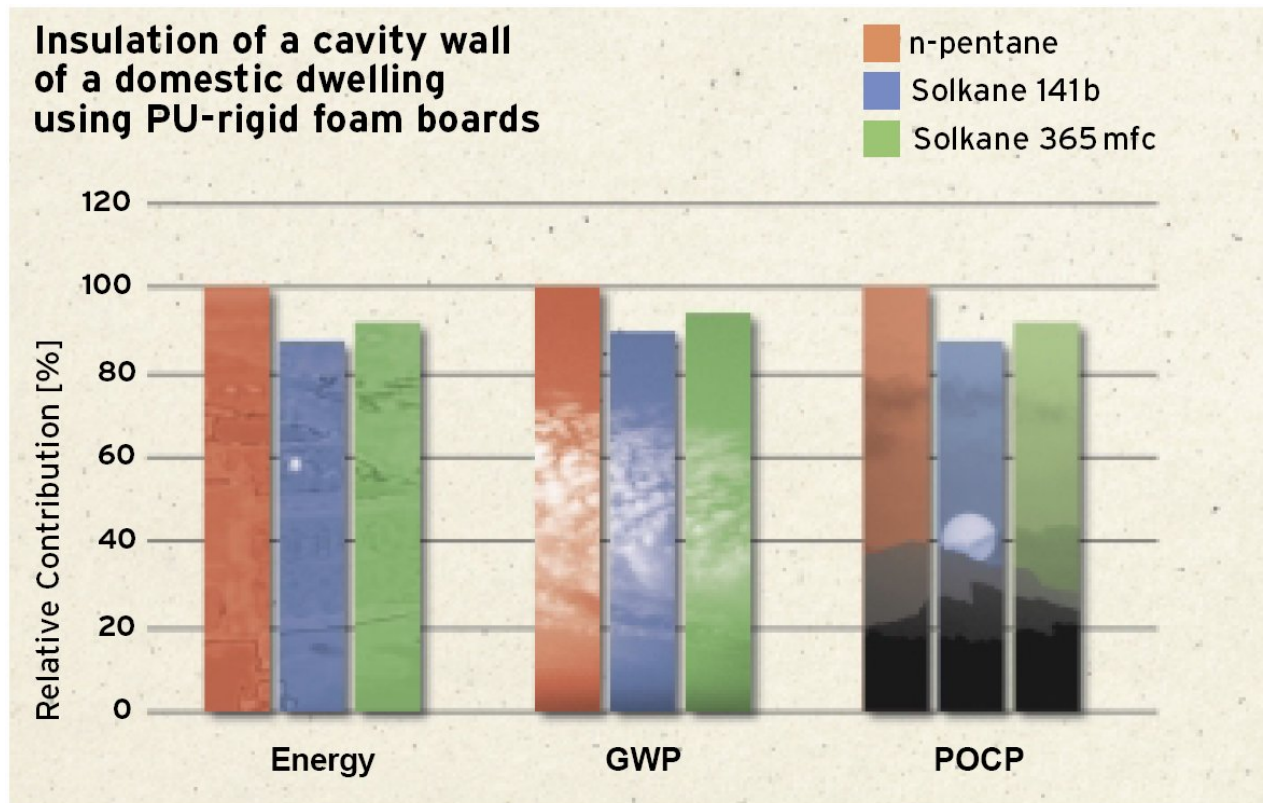


Solvay  
Fluor und Derivate





# Life Cycle Environmental Profile of n-Pentane vs HCFC-141b vs Solkane 365mfc



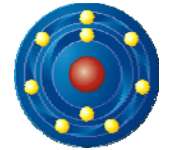
Partners:

Elastogran



Solvay  
Fluor und Derivate

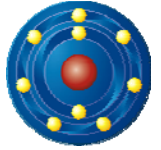




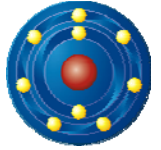
## Economic Spray foam Advantage compared to Water blown Foams

	<b>Water/CO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>Solkane 365/227</b>
<b>Density [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]</b>	> 40	30-33
<b>Lambda (initial)</b>	> 28	19-20
<b>Fire behaviour</b>	B 2	B 2
<b>Foam behaviour</b>	brittle	good
<b>Adhesion</b>	medium	good
<b>Estimated price/m<sup>3</sup></b>	73 €	68 €

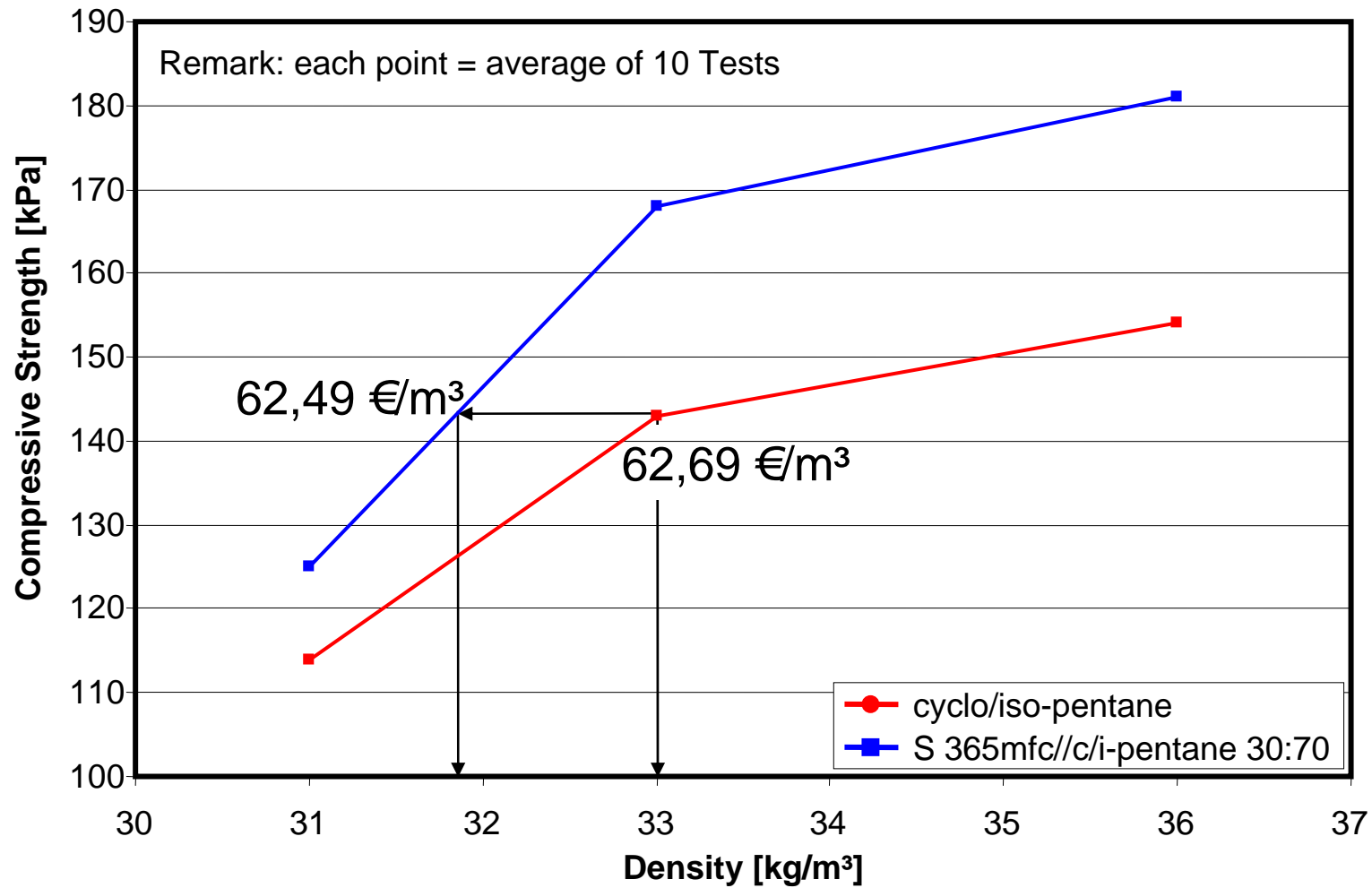
**Better foam at lower  
price**



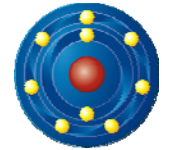
- ① Physical data - blowing agents in comparison
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- ① Safety and handling
- ① Flammability in systems



## Reduction of Density



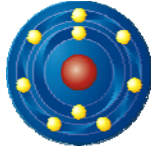




# Cost evaluation per m<sup>3</sup>

PIR-system for continuous Steel Sandwich with n-Pentane

	Formulation		Costs	
	Standard [pbw]	Co-Blowing [pbw]	Standard [EURO/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Co-Blowing [EURO/m <sup>3</sup> ]
Component A	82.5	69.3	29.92	28.08
Catalyst 1	3.0	2.5	1.63	1.52
Catalyst 2	0.9	0.6	0.82	0.61
n-Pentane	6.5		1.30	
S 365mfc/n-Pentane (30:70)		6.2		2.85
MDI	124	104	44.90	42.15
Sum	216.7	182.6	78.57	75.21
Density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	<b>39.3</b>	<b>37.0</b>	39.3	37.0
Comp. Strength [kPa]:	<b>120</b>	<b>129</b>		
Lambda [mW/m.K]:	<b>21.8</b>	<b>20.9</b>		
Difference				<b>-3.36 €/m<sup>3</sup></b>

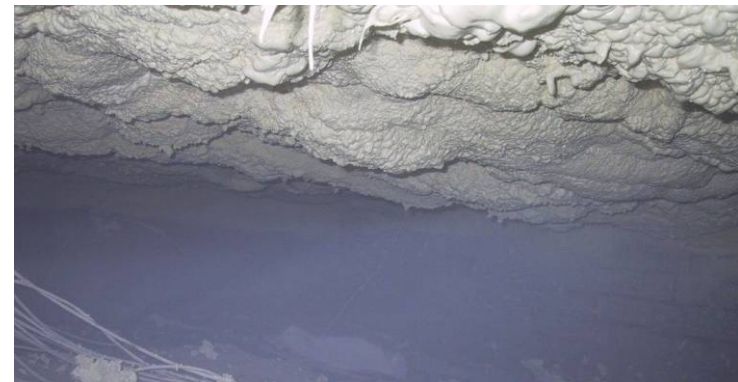


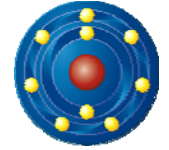
- ④ Physical data - blowing agents in comparison
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- ④ Co-Blowing
- ④ **Safety and handling**
- ④ Flammability in systems



# Easy and save handling Spraying in closed rooms (cellar)

Classification	PUR, B 2			
Core density [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	32.3			
Cell gases in foam [mass-%] after 6 days				
Air	CO <sub>2</sub>	R 227ea	R 365mfc	
2.4	21.2	7.5	68.9	
Compressive Strength	213 [kPa]			
Lambda, initial	19.8 [mW/m.K]			





# Emission of Solkane 365mfc during spraying

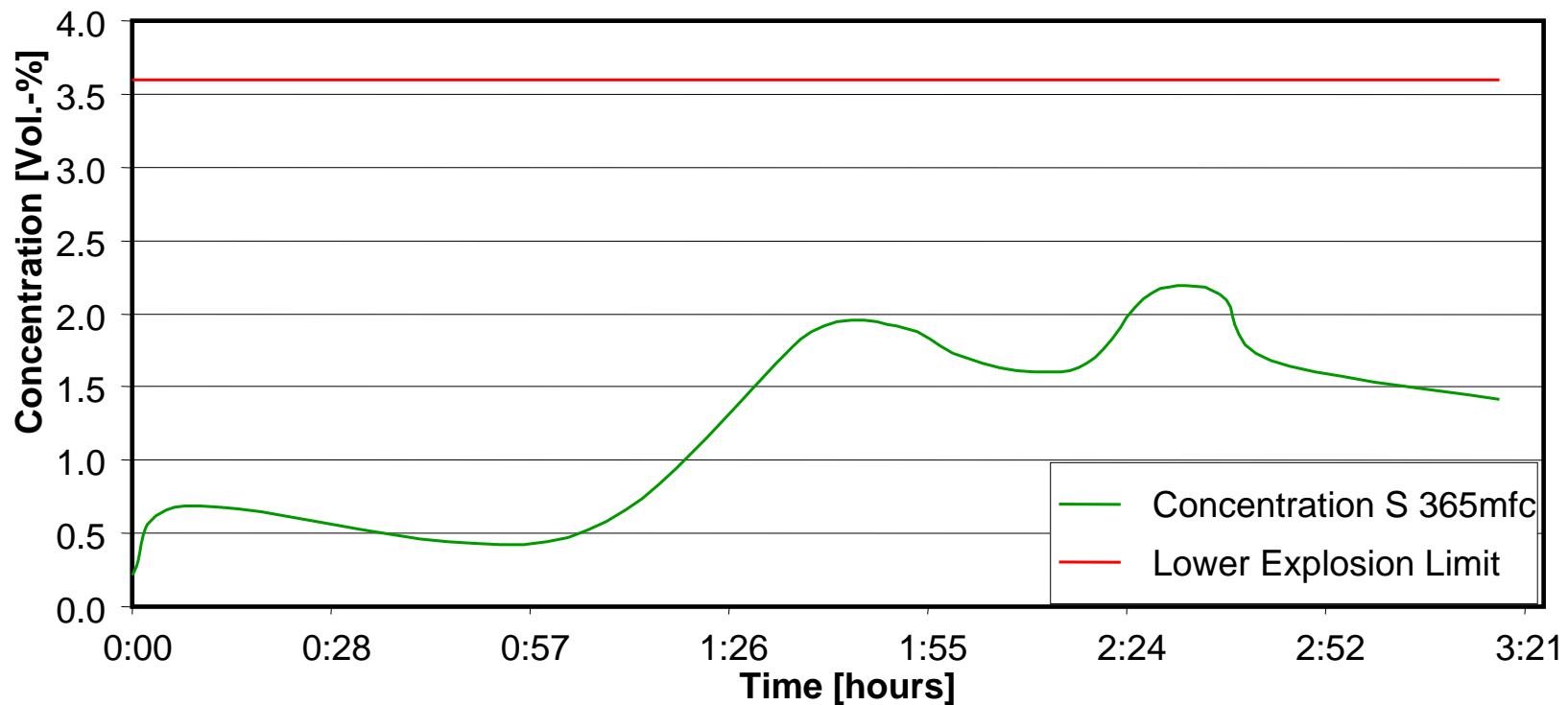
Dimensions:

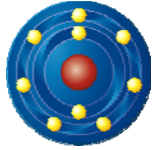
Square area: ~60 m<sup>2</sup>

Height: ~70 cm

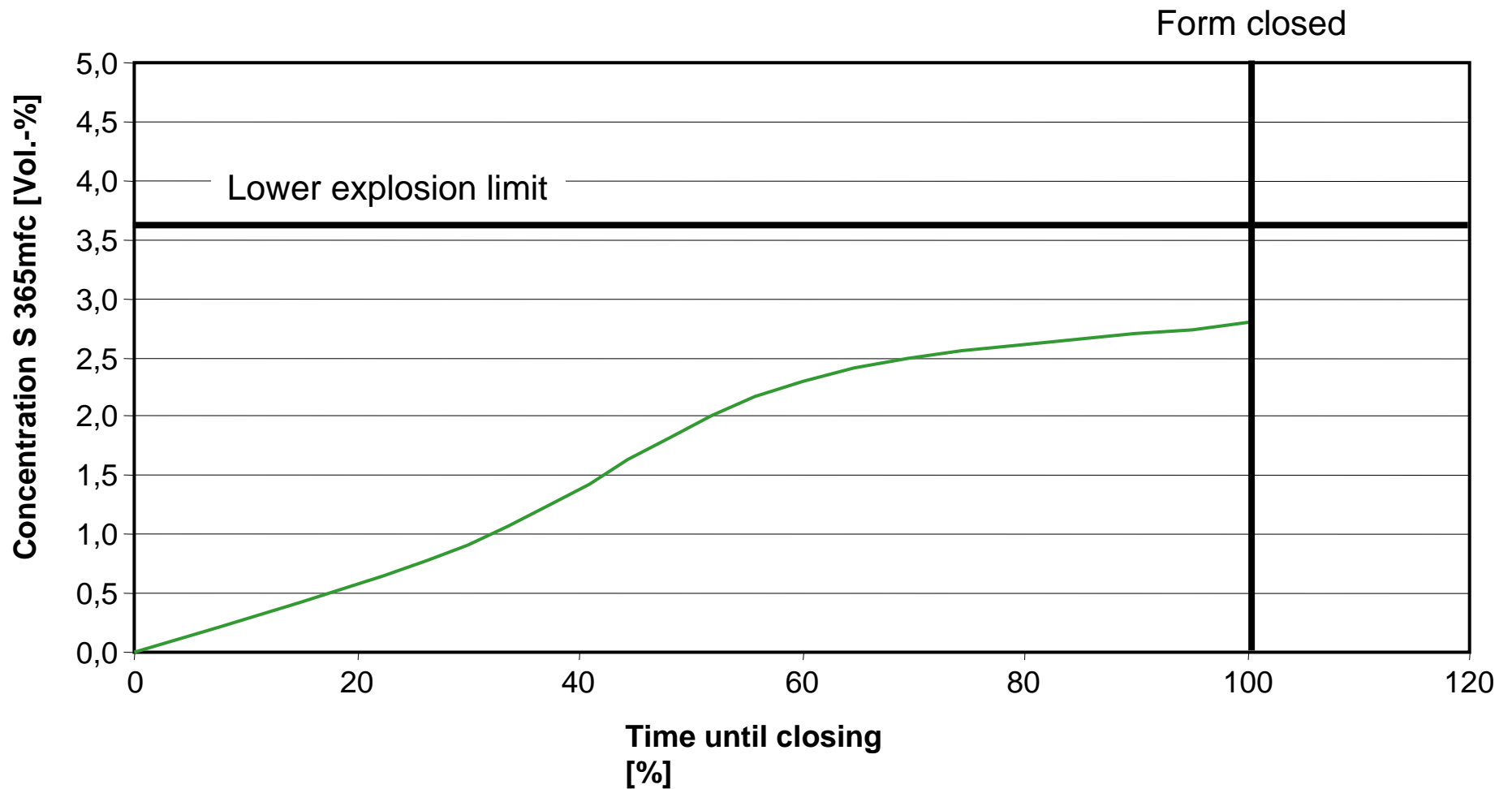
Opening (Top): ~70 x 70 cm

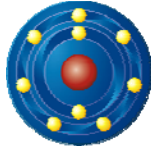
Foam thickness: ~20 cm



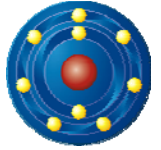


# Emissions during a disk. Panel trial



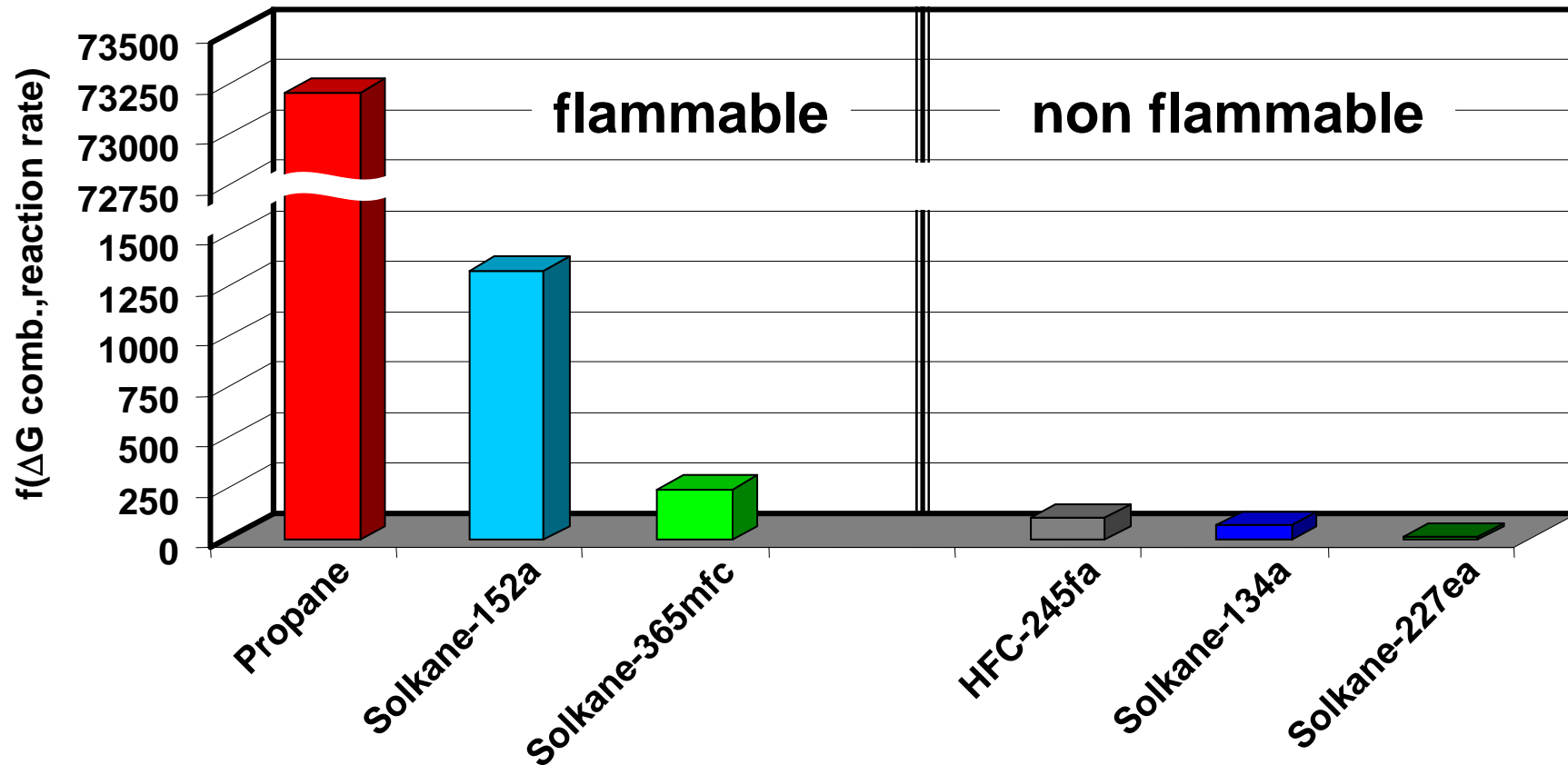


- ④ Physical data - blowing agents in comparison
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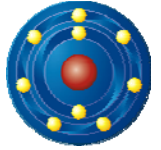


## Flammability rating

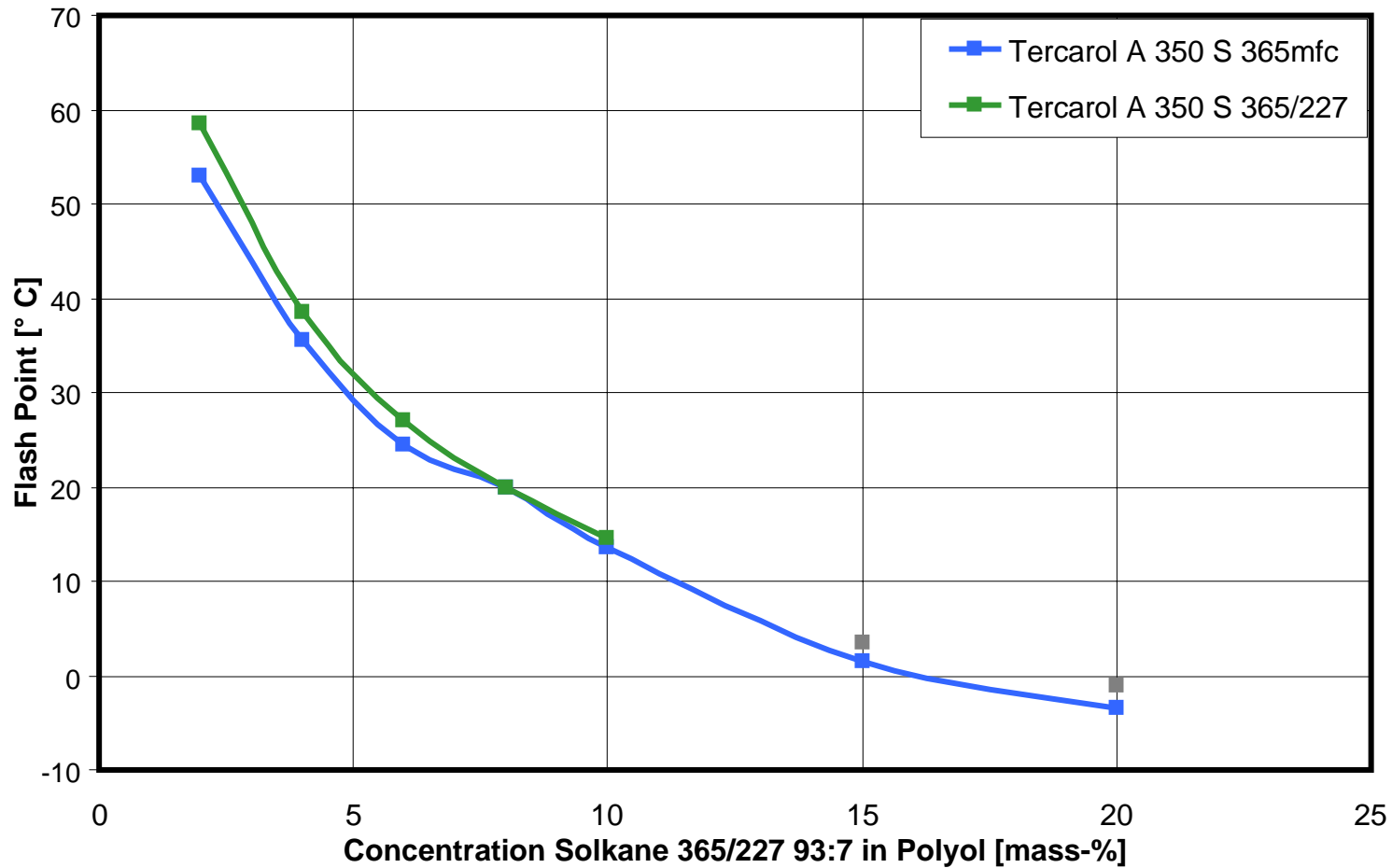
???????



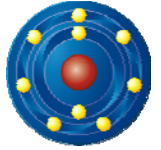
Potential flammability suppressants for HFC-365mfc can be  
⇒ HFC-134a and HFC-227ea, HFC-245fa.



# Evaluation of flashpoint as function of concentration

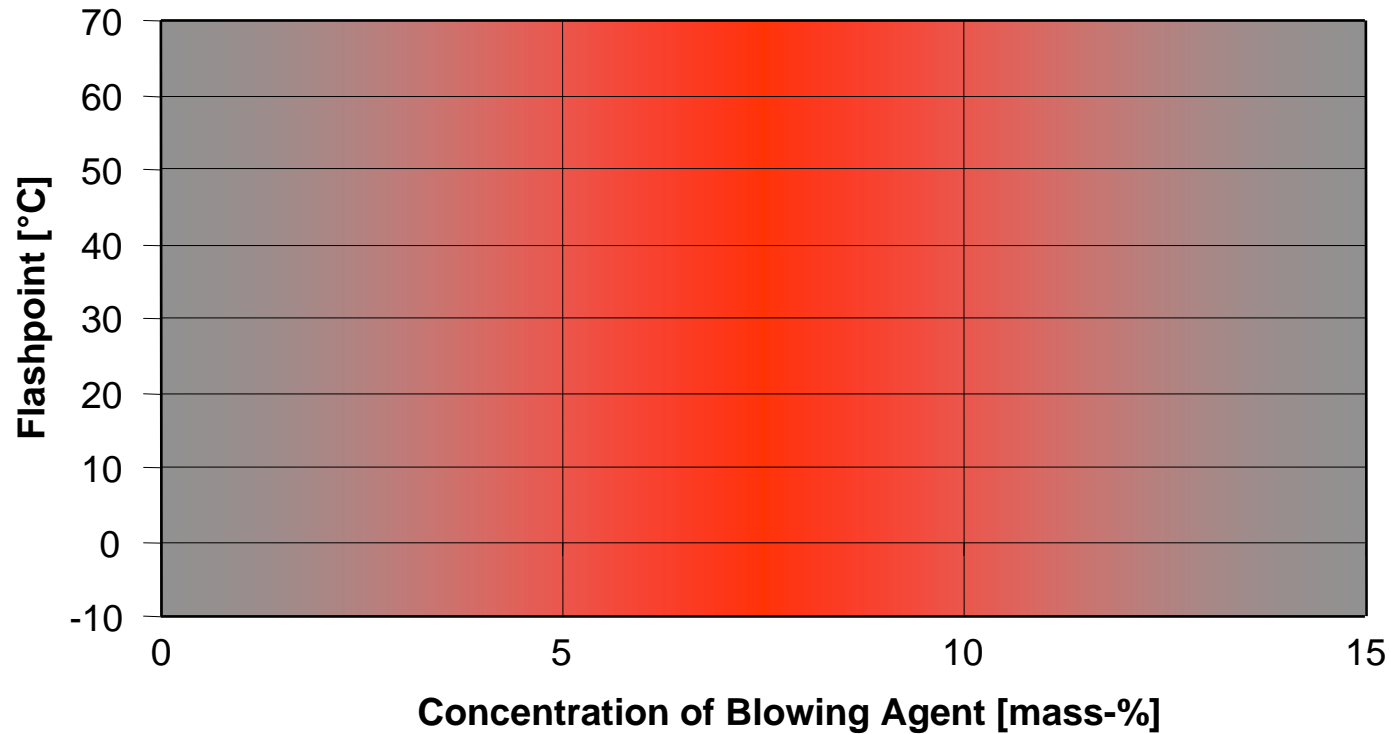


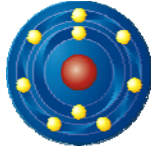




# Evaluation of flashpoint as function of concentration of Solkane 365/227 – “flammable window”

Method: EN ISO 13736





## Advantages of Solkane 365mfc

- ✓ working with a true liquid
- ✓ flammability in raw materials is solved
- ✓ best fire behaviour in foams of all physical foaming agents
- ✓ best insulation value of physical foaming agents including ageing of foam and thus implements the highest effect in saving CO<sub>2</sub> for the Environment
- ✓ low density foams with high dimension stability are standard and save costs