

State of the Art PU Machinery

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Topics



- Hennecke Today
- Metering Machines and new Mixing Heads
- CSM Technology
- Applications with a growing Future (Clean Blowing Agent Pentane)
- How does Hennecke work with blowing Agent Pentane?

Hennecke in Germany





History



1945	Founding of the company by
	Karl Hennecke

50ties Development of the first High-Pressure machine

1967 Bayer takes majority of the Hennecke shares

1975 Bayer takes 100% ownership

2005 Celebration of Hennecke's 60th anniversary

2008 Adcuram takes 100% ownership



Hennecke Worldwide



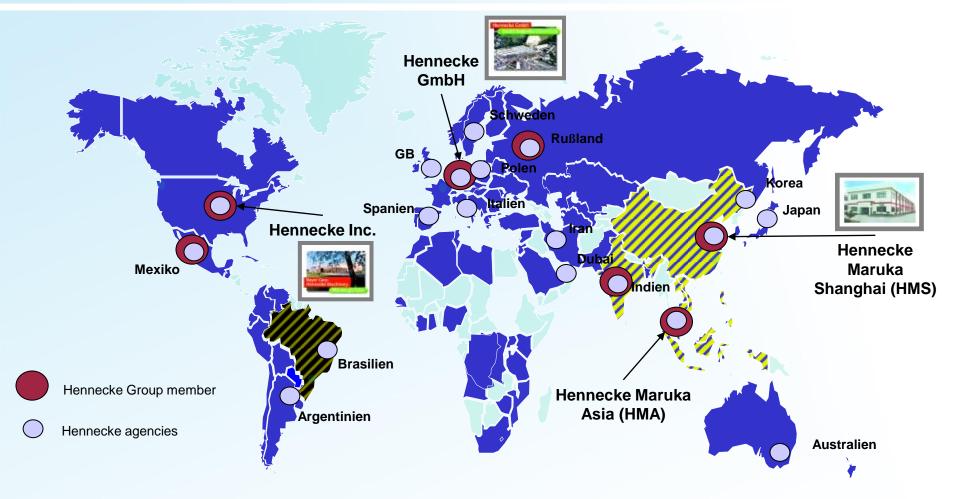
Hennecke is represented

Hennecke is not represented





Big growht in PUR industry



New features in plant technology - What are the plans in future?



World-wide PUR - consumption 2009 in sectors in mio. tons (total: 14,1 Mio. tons*)

mattresses/furnitures



4,5 Mio. t (32%)

construction



3,5 Mio. t (25%)

automotive



1,6 Mio. t (11%)

others (Kühlmöbel, Kleb-/ Dichtstoffe, ...)



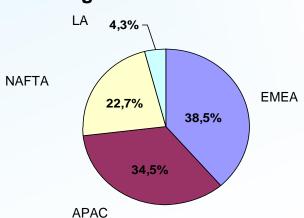




4,5 Mio. t (32%)

World-wide consumptions, divided into regions 2011 in %

EMEA = Europe, Middle East und Africa APAC = Asian-Pacific LA = Middle and South America NAFTA = USA, Canada, Mexico)



^{*} estimated with a yearly growth of 5%

Product Lines



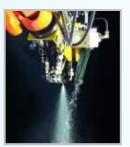
Metering Machines



Automotive



PUR-CSM



Refrig. Appliances



Sandwich Elements



Slabstock



360° Service





Metering Machines











What is special about PU processing



- At least two liquid reactants (Polyol A and Isocyanate B) are mixed in a predefined formulation and react into solid material.
- During the process, it is important to monitor
 - Mixing ratios (metering output of the individual components)
 - Temperatures
 - Pressures
- By changing the formulation, different physical properties of the end product can be achieved in particular.
- By adding "fillers", the physical properties of the end product can be improved (strength, flexural strength, thermal conductivity etc.).

What makes the high-pressure process the better solution



High-pressure machines

High-pressure machines are used to inject the reactants via the mixhead nozzles into the small mixing chamber at such a high pressure, which transfered into speed, that this energy is sufficient to ensure an excellent mixing of the two components. There is no need for mechanical mixing elements.

Low-pressure machines

Low-pressure machines are used to meter the reactants at low pressure into the mixing chamber. Due to the chamber geometry and a static mixer or a dynamic stirrer, the components are mixed.

What makes the high-pressure process Hennecke the better solution



Low-pressure process

- Low machine price
- The mixhead has to be rinsed
- Smaller outputs
- Difficult mixing ratios are feasible
- Health effects at the workplace due to rinsing agent
- High operating costs because of rinsing agent and waste
- Inferior nucleation for foam formation

High-pressure process

- High machine price
- The mixhead is cleaned mechanically
- Output rates of up to 7.8 kg/sec
- Limitation of mixing ratios to 100:25
- Insignificant health effects at the workplace because the mixhead is not rinsed
- Lower operating costs because of small amount of production waste
- Very good nucleation, excellent foam structure

What makes the high-pressure process the better solution



- By choosing the high-pressure process, you will cut your operating costs
- You will reduce the health effects at the workplace
- You will save precious raw material and counteract rising raw material prices
- You invest into a safe, forward-looking technology
- You invest into a flexible technology

Design of new TOPLINE HK





TOPLINE Standard Delivery Program



- Improved range of performance:
 - Wintronic with high-class operator panel
 - Liquid temperature control system
 - More mixhead options
 - Upgrading for the Use of pentane as blowing agent
- Quality and flexibility of the TOPLINE within a short delivery time included in the standard delivery program
- Cost-effective entry into TOPLINE technology
- More flexibility at a low enty-level price
 - Easier production upgrade
 - Extension of components
 - More flexible installation of machine

Standard Configuration of the TOPLINE HK



- High-class HMI operator panel with touch-screen integrated into an ergonomic console
- Wintronic control system
- Tank with liquid temperature control system, control unit integrated into the machine control as a decentralized system
- Standard mixhead: MT type series
- Rotary-Power metering pumps with drive
- Tank sizes: 500l 250l and 60l
- Separate frames for machine and the two tanks (tank position: 0.5 metres behind the machine)
- Acoustics package

Standard Configuration of the TOPLINE HK Control System





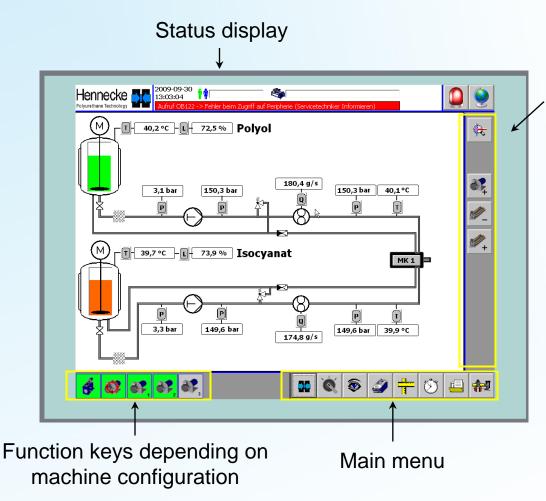
Low overall height of control cabinet

Electrical sensors / actuators pluggable for easy service



New TOPLINE HK Wintronic: MP377 Touch, 15" Monitor (New)





Functions / screen displays for flexible representation according to menu and machine configuration

TOPLINE HK Ergonomic Console for OP



Integration of the new operator panel MP 377 Touch into a console installed on the side of the control cabinet

Ergonomically angled arrangement for an optimal control and observation of the process values by the operator





TOPLINE HK Wintronic: MP377 Touch, 15" Monitor (New)



Benefits

Larger screen displaying more content

More user-friendly

Clearly structured and forward-looking operation

Easy entry of characters -> directly via online keyboard

More flexible in terms of program modifications/extensions

Easier change to other touch operator devices

Ergonomic lateral / angled arrangement for an optimal observation of the process values (separate operator terminal available as an option)

Upgrade for blowing agent Pentane available

Options of new TOPLINE (Selection)



Sensor package for mixhead (pressure, temp. close to mixhead)

Flow measurement

(gear counter or *mass flow meter*)

Automatic output adjustment / frequency control

Mixhead

MX piston-cleaned with throttle sleve for better mixing

MXL pistion controled air-cleaned incl. constant pressure injectors

Magnetic coupling for metering pumps

Spring-loaded constant pressure injectors

Boom (3 m) with balancer

Extended hose or pipe length with multi mixing heads

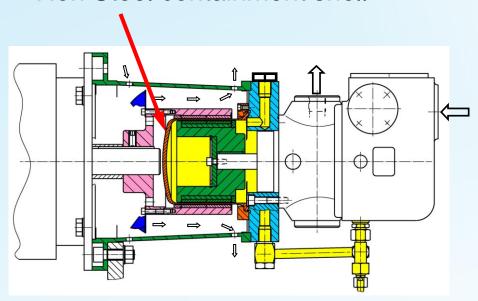
Separate operator terminal

Up to 6 component lines available

New Magnetic Couplings with Plastics Containment Shell



Non Steel containment shell



Benefits

Production safety
(no dynamic seal)

More solid than other containment shells

But most of all:

No eddy current losses, i.e. raw materials are hardly heated up

Mixheads





The TOPLINE HK can be equipped with the following mixhead types

MT (standard)

MX

MXL









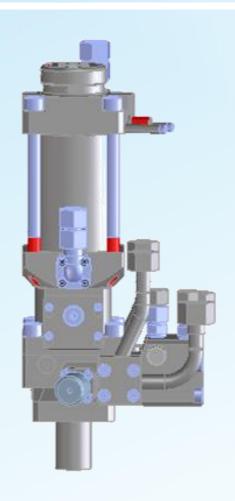


2-component design each

The right choice for your application!

MT Mixhead The New Standard Mixhead





Features

L-type mixhead with control piston

Piston cleaning

Available for 2 to 6* components (depending on size)

Benefits

Simple design

Versatile applications

Optimal mixing quality

Compact design

Excellent shot reproducibility

^{* 4}C-versions and 6C-versions available

MT Mixhead The New Standard Mixhead



MT36-2



Min: 500 cm³/s 2500 cm³/s Laminar: Max.attachment: 5000 cm³/s

MT26-2



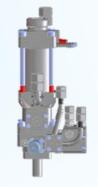
300 cm³/s 1300 cm³/s 2600 cm³/s

MT18-2



125 cm³/s 600 cm³/s 1200 cm³/s

MT12-2* MT8-2*



50 cm³/s 300 cm³/s 600 cm³/s



25 cm³/s 150 cm³/s 300 cm³/s MT6-2

8 cm³/s 50 cm³/s 50 cm³/s

* available from 01-2010

MXL Mixhead New Air-Cleaned Mixhead Option





MXL 14

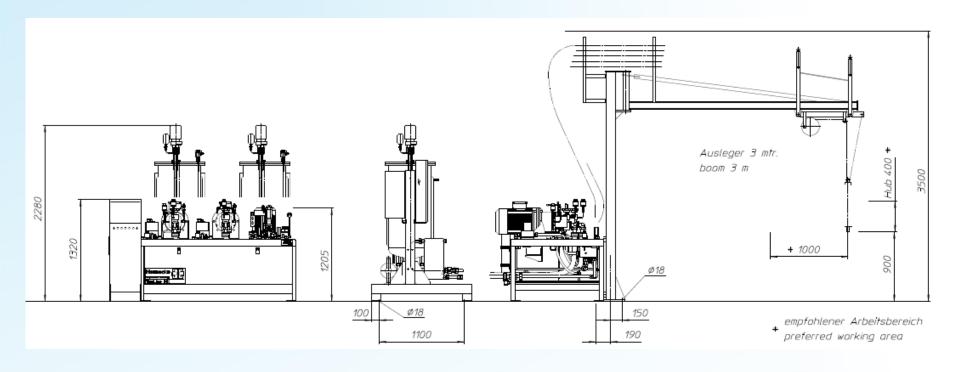
Min: 750 cm³ Laminar 2500 cm³ Into closed mould: 6000 cm³

100 cm³ 400 cm³ 1500 cm³

Machine Layout Standard TOPLINE HK



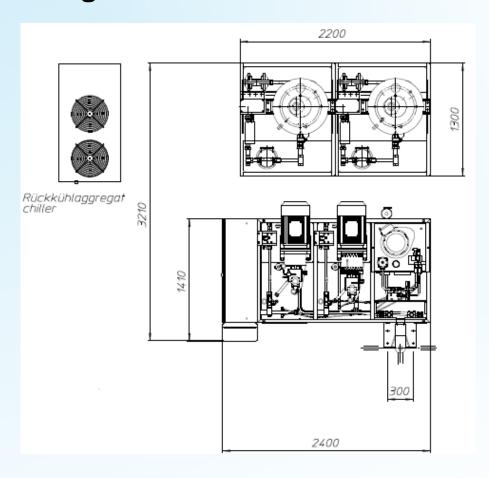
Standard configuration



Machine Layout Standard TOPLINE HK



Standard configuration



PUR-CSM – Manifold Spray Knowhow



Chopped Fibre Technique

Open Mould



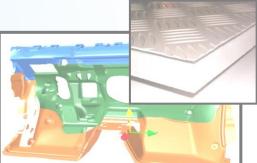


Compression Moulding Honeycomb or Nat. Fiber

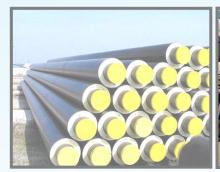


Closed Mould (LFT) Pipe Insolation

Sprayed Skins









CSM - Machinetechnology



2-4C Metering Unit

- MicroLine 45 / 130
- Topline HK 65 / 135 / 270
- Topline HT 80 / 180 / 500

Robot Unit:

- industrial 6 axis robot
- linear axis / turntable
- Chopped fibre module
- Clamping Unit
- Transport system
- Spray booth / exhaust system
- Others (e.g. gripper)
- Safety system
- Plant control unit



CSM - Mixheadtechnology



- MN6 for smallest Output from 6 40 g/s* in 2 until 3 component Version
 - Sprayed skin
 - Chopped fibre glas in open mold technology
- MN10 for Outputs from 30 350 g/s* in 2 until 4 component Version
 - Paper Honeycomp Technology
 - Long fibre technology (LFT)
 - Chopped fibre glas in open mold technology
 - CSM multi component technology
- MN10 F for Outputs from 30 350 g/s* in 2 until 4 component Version (Filled material proofed)
 - Heavy layer parts
 - Spray of filled material
- MN14 for Outputs from 150 800 g/s* in 2 component Version
 - Long fibre technology (LFT)
 - Chopped fibre glas in open mold technology







PUR CSM modular system



















Structure of PUR Paper Honeycomb



Fibre-reinforced top facing



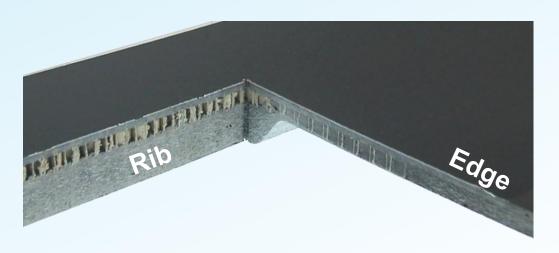
Fibre-reinforced bottom facing



Enhanced Benefits through CSM Module Concept

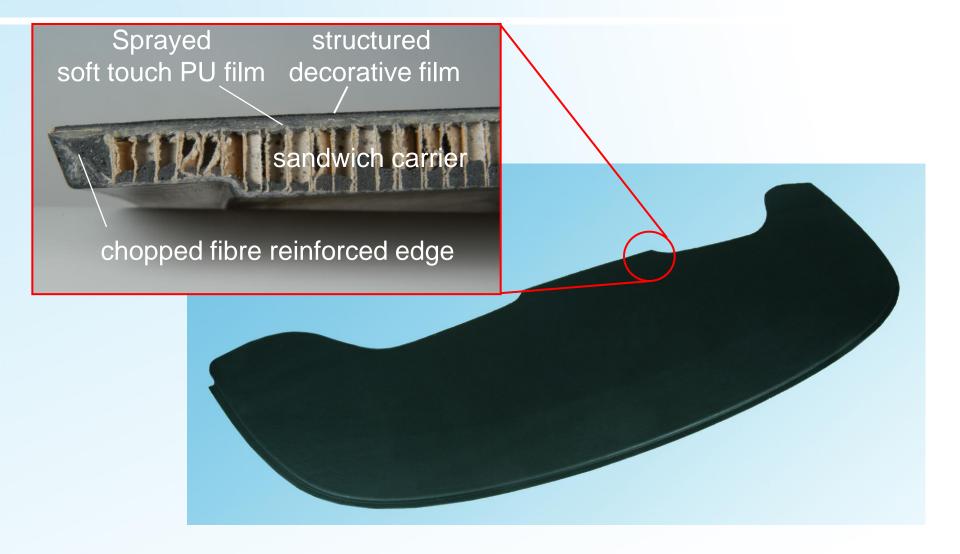


- Combination of chopped fibre technique with lighter/ cheaper glass mats
 - lower weight and more efficient use of material
- Higher stiffness through reinforcement ribs and reinforced edges





PUR Mehrkomponenten Automotive Abdecklergnecke Multi Component PUR Automotive cover Multi Component PUR Automotive cover



CSM Spray Technique – Honeycomb sandwiches



Requirements

- 2-comp. HK 65 / 270 CSM or MicroLine 45 / 130 CSM
- Sprayhead MN
- Industrial 6-axis robot with min. 120 kg / 3.200 mm
- Spraybooth with exhausting equipment
- Sandwich-gripper with supply table
- Mould carrier
- Options

Glass chopping unit, Carbomat, constant pressure nozzles

Features of the CSM Spray Technique Hennecke

Saving money with CSM

with the CSM highlights

- ⇒ start spraying directly in the part
- ⇒unlimited shot-interruptions
 - in the turning points of the robot,
 - robot moving to different areas of the part
- ⇒self-cleaning spray head
- ⇒ no cleaning station for the spray-head

saving between up to 15 % of PU Material from part to part

PUR Sandwich Products





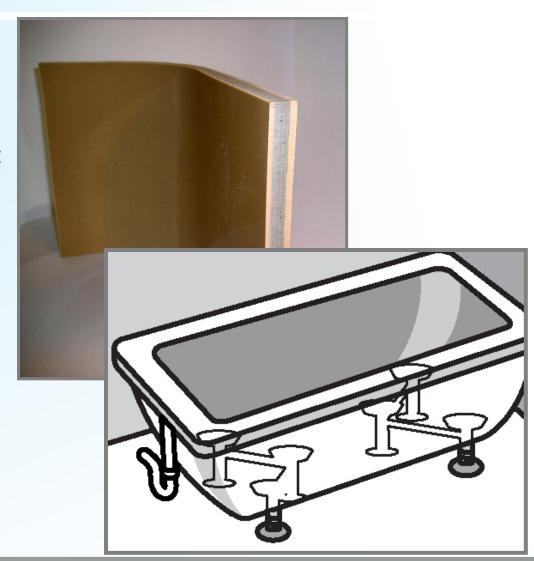
Sanitary Ware



Adventages:

- Constructing sandwich layers
- Direct mounting of bathtub socket
- Temperature inslation
- Reduced acoustic emissions



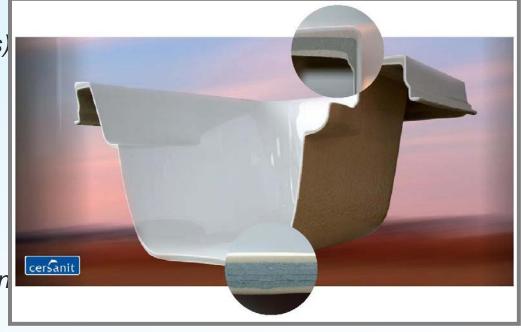


Sanitary Ware



FACTS:

- Reinforcement of a thermoformed foil with PUR
- Ecological production (no solvents)
- Constant product quality
- Improvement of production processes
- Flexible Line concepts available
- Total cost of Ownership calculation gives a positive feedback



References



- Artweger Austria
- One machine Installed in Brazil
- Autotop Romania
- Aquaproduction France
- Mascobath USA





Technology Profile "Bathtub"



Selling points for Hennecke Technology

- Reinforcement of a thermoformed foil with PUR CSM
- Ecological production (no solvents)
- Constant product quality
- Improvement of production processes
- Flexible Line concepts available
- World wide service



Motivation for better Insolation



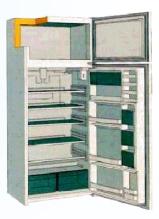
- Worldwide Growing Demand for more Energy
- Demand for higher Comfort
- Growing Demand for a bigger Variation in Food
- Growing Demand to Use Energy more Effective

This all calls for an Effective Thermal Insulation









Blowing Agent – Motivation



- Reduced CO2 emission
 → Is leading to a higher demand in insulation
- Increasing labor costs in building industry
 higher demand for Sandwich Panels (easy installation)
- Increasing costs for transportation
 → increasing number of Sandwich Panel production in place
- Increasing demand in Africa / Asia for cold / frozen food
 → higher demand for Sandwich Panels (Cold store chain)
- Use of new Foam Systems (PIR) offering better product properties
 → need of new/better metering and production equipment

Sandwich elements basic insulation Hennecke Polyurethane Technology



Insulation and how it works

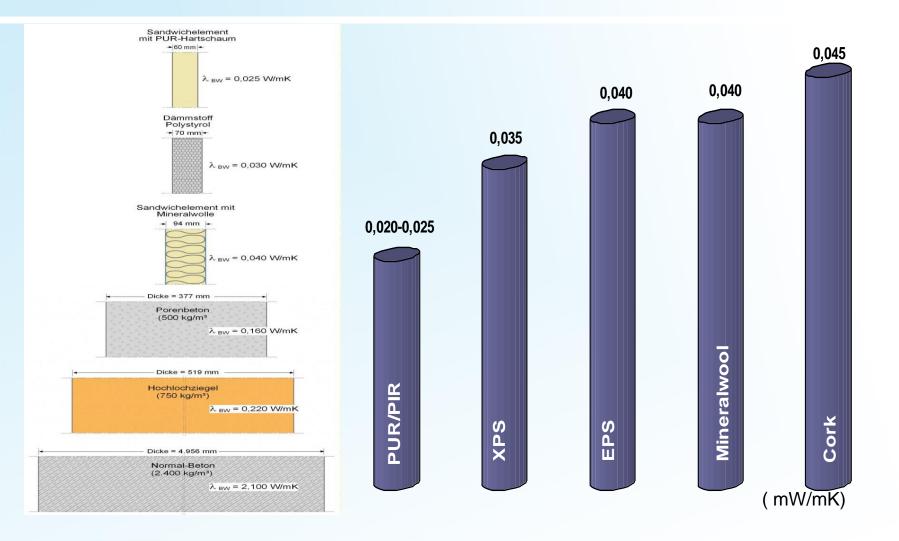


Only a minor part of the Polyurethane rigid foam volume consists of solid material.

Based on a density of abt. 30 kg/m³ as usual in building and construction, the content of solid plastics only amounts to roughly 3 % of the volume. It forms a grid structure made of cell numbers and sizes serving to withstand mechanical stress. The blowing agent remains in the cell and contributes to the insulation.

Comparison thermal conductivity

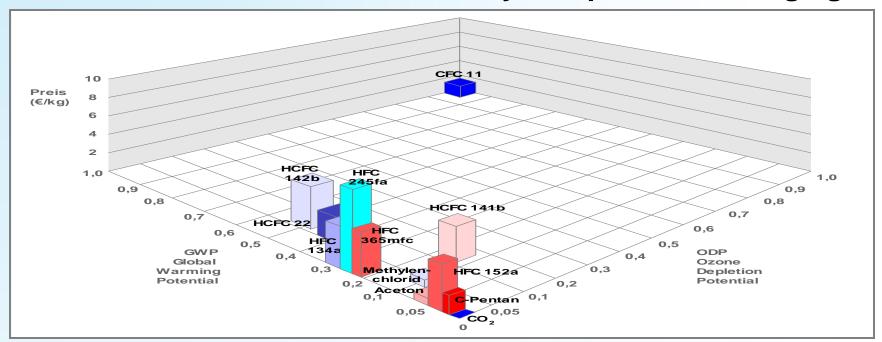




Why is Pentane the right blowing agent



Pentane is the most environmentally compatible blowing agent



- Pentane has excellent insulation values
- Pentane is inexpensive

Why is Pentane the right blowing agent



Comparison of Pentane

	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Price
141 B	117	+ 32° C	1,95 € / kg
245 FA	134	+ 15° C	3,25 € / kg
C ₅ H ₁₀ (Cyclopentane)	70	+ 50° C	0,50 € / kg

When the molecular weight is taken into consideration, the raw material price of 141b and 245 FA is 10 times more expensive than Pentane. The acquisition costs of a safe Pentane manufacturing system compared to a conventional manufacturing unit are about 120,000 € higher. With a blowing agent content of approximately 10% Pentane and an annual consumption of about 130 tons/year the "break even" is reached. The low boiling points have technical disadvantages for the rod manufacturing process.

The indicated prices are approximate prices for Germany.



Influencing factors on choice of Pentane storage system

- consumption
- how will Pentane be supplied?
- how regular can Pentane be supplied?
- local regulations in different countries





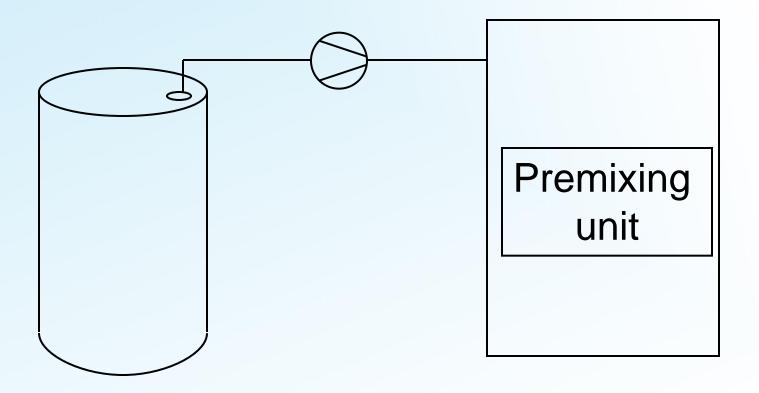






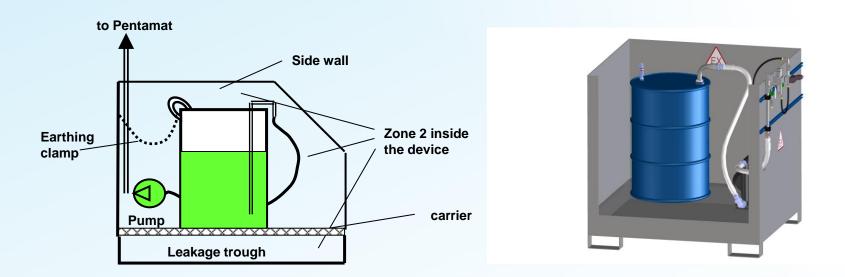


Storage solution for Pentane supply in barrels





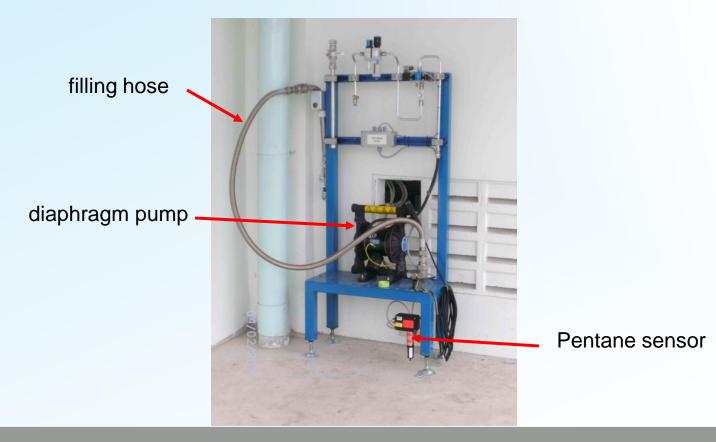
- Storage solution for Pentane supply in barrels
 - Drum discharging unit



Placement outside of the building (with exhaustion system also inside)



- Storage solution for Pentane supply in barrels
 - Drum discharging unit





- Storage solution for Pentane supply in pressure vessels
 - Drum discharging unit







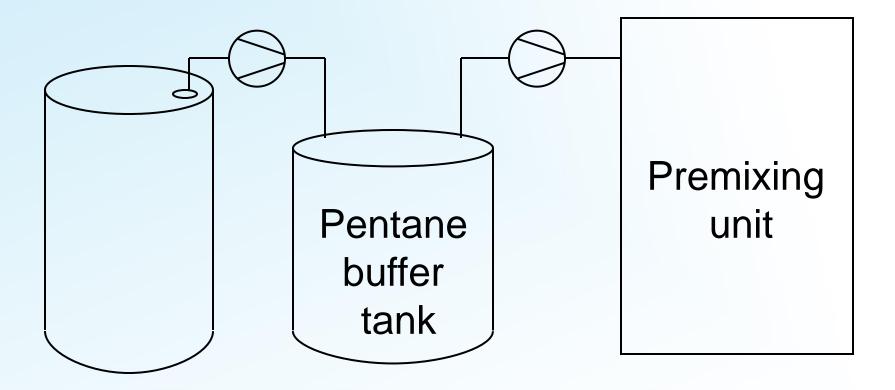
- Storage solution for Pentane supply in pressure vessels
 - Drum discharging unit







Storage solution for Pentane supply in barrels





Storage solution for Pentane supply in barrels



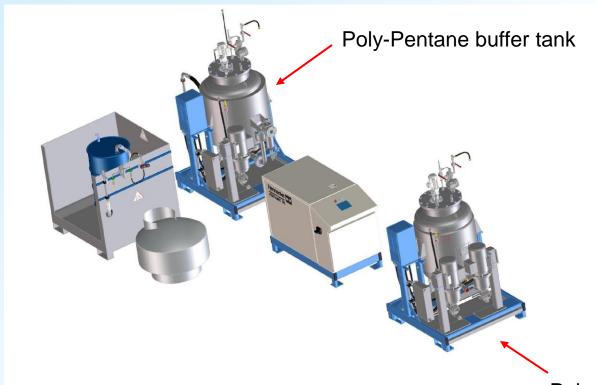
Pentane buffer tank (400 l)



drum discharging unit



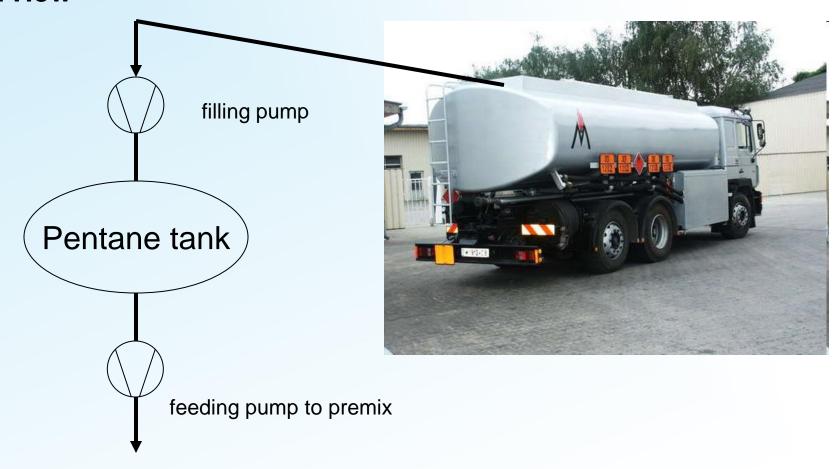
complete premix system for Pentane supply in barrels



Poly-Pentane buffer tank



Overview





Pentane tank



Hennecke standard features

- double walled tank
- explosion proof
- flexible capacity
- design according to DIN 6608/2
- man hole DN 600

Tank can be supplied by Hennecke or only design drawings for local supply.



- Why double walled?
 - Addional safety

- Leakage supervision
 - volume between tank and outer shell is filled with air (pressure > 1 bar) and this pressure is supervised by pressure sensor. If pressure is reduced a leakage in inner or outer wall has occured. Alarm will be released.



Valve kit for filling & gas displacement

- leakage control device
- fan for man hole pit
- inlet filter
- filling pump
- protection against dry running
- pressure gauge



With-drawel kit

- several detonation protection
- overfill protection
- continuous level measurement
- 1 or 2 displacement pump (9 l/min (or bigger), 6 bar) ATEX execution
- over pressure release valve
- filling hose
- hose for gas recycling



Technical features Pentane storage tanks

- red jacket submersible pump (no pneumatic actuated diaphragm pump!)
- well established in fuel stations
- easy for maintenance
- long lifetime
- optimized for vertical discharge





Control panel





- Man hole pit
 - pump installation

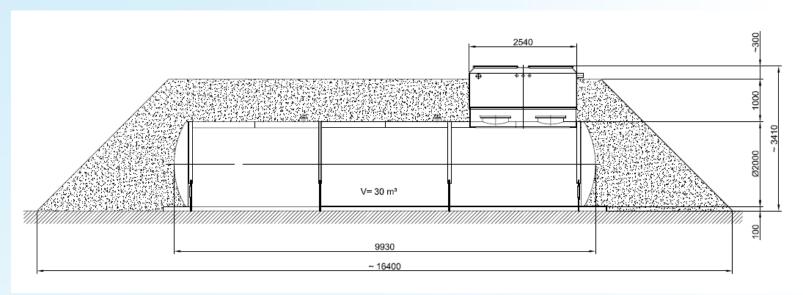


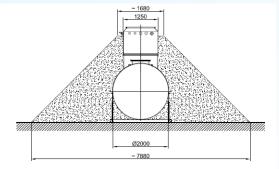


Detonation protection device



Overground installation



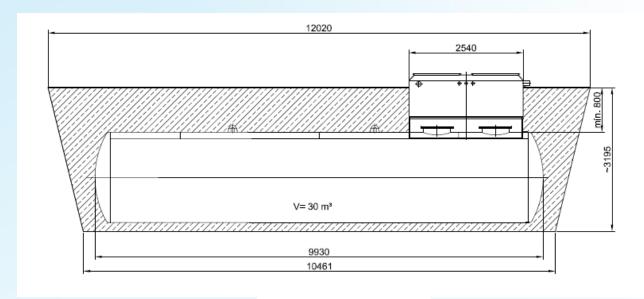


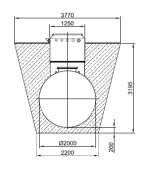


Overground installation

- distance to building needs to be considered (local regulations)
- filling pump necessary (might be included in tank truck)
- cover with soil (sun and UV-protection)
- concrete base necessary
- tank will be fixed by steel belts on concrete base in order to avoid ascending force









- distance to building needs to be considered (local regulations)
- in most cases the tank can be installed very close to building
- filling by gravity (or pump)
- earth works necessary
- tank fixation by steel belts (not necessarily)













cover for manhole pit



Pentane premix systems



Pentamat 30i



Pentane premix systems



Pentamat 30i

- The Pentamat is the world's most common premixing station for discontinuous metering and mixing of Polyol with blowing agents.
 The batch is stored in a work tank or buffer tank station
- now available in new version with a lot of improvements!
- for metering of
 - cyclo-, iso-, n- Pentane
 - 245fa
 - 141b



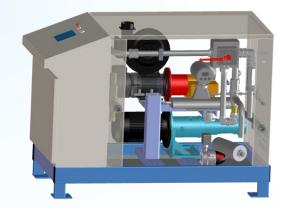
354mfc



Pentamat 30i - Highlights

- All components are individually metered
- Designed for Polyol viscosities up to 15.000 mPas
- Hermetically sealed piston-diaphragm pump for Pentane
- Screw spindle flow meter for Polyol, Mass flow meter for Pentane
- Flow monitoring switch for exhaust fan
- Exhaust fan (optional)
- All components can be individually calibrated
- Housing with two large maintenance access doors
- Optional second additive
- Siemens S7 / OP 77 controls, Protocol of last 50 refills







Pentamat 30i



Easy maintenance!



Pentamat i-series

Technical Data

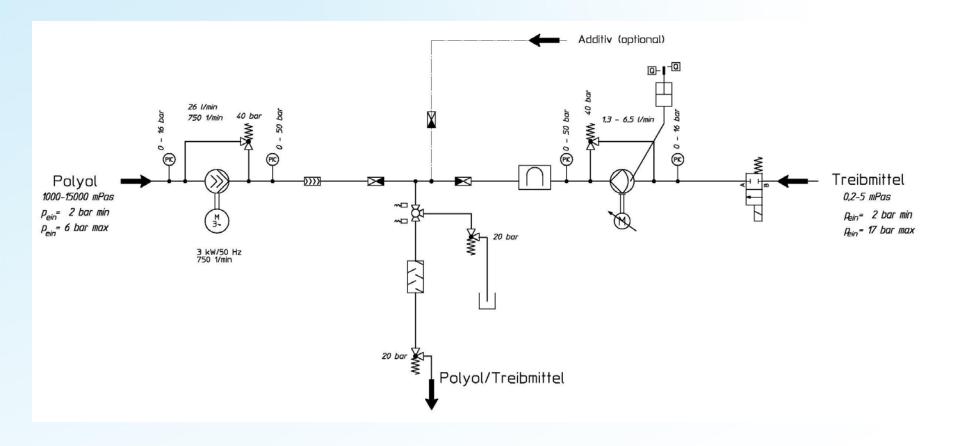
- Output Polyol:
- Viscosity Polyol
- -Output Pentane:
- Output Additive 2 (Option):
- Ratio Pentane / Polyol:
- Outlet pressure Poly/Pentane:
- Supply pressure Polyol:
- Supply pressure Pentane:
- Closed loop control start after:

Pentamat 30i	Pentamat 50i
26 ltr/min	40 ltr/min
1.000 - 15.000 mPas	
1,3 – 6,5 ltr/min	2 - 11 ltr/min
0,15 – 0,8 ltr/min*	
5 – 25 vol.%	5 - 27 vol. %
max. 15 bar	
min. 2 bar / max. 6 bar	
min. 2 bar / max. 17 bar	
(min. 2 bar above vapour pressure)	
~ 2 sec	

^{*} can be changed according to specific demands



Pentamat 30i - flow diagram





Pentamat 30i - your benefits

- Exactness of mixing accuracy further enhanced
- future safe: Suitable for high-viscous Polyol types
- best reproducibility
- fast start-up of the closed loop control
- second component can be retrofitted if necessary



Outdoor installation is possible







Actual Topline series metering machine for Pentane





General remarks on Hennecke exhaustion system

- reduction of exhaust capacity (volume) as much as possible
- partial encapsulation
- integrated exhaust equipment (fans)

Energy efficient exhaustion system!



 Modifications of metering machines for processing Pentane are mainly related to

- Polyol tank station
- tank refilling
- metering machine (pump group)
- electronic control system
- electrical installation



Modifications of tank station for processing Pentane

- stirrer with magnetic coupling
- exhaustion system
- control unit for nitrogen filling of tank (tank inertization)
- special safety valves (self-closing, pneumatic actuated ball valve with electronic supervision) for refilling and suction side to pumps
- safety release valve, adjusted to 4 bar
- PT 100 for max temperature control (50°C)
- interface to PPT control



Tank station

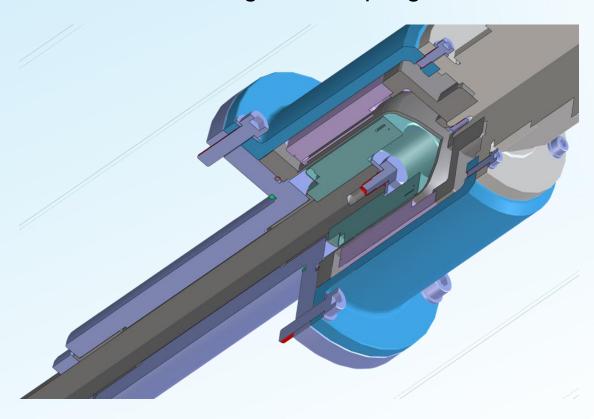






Tank station

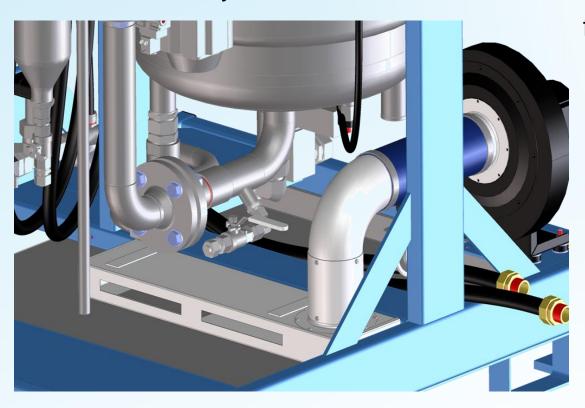
stirrer with magnetic couplingtank





Tank station

exhaustion system with channel



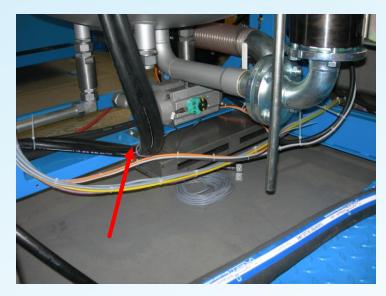
free acess to:

- refilling valve
- tank flanges
- fan (option)

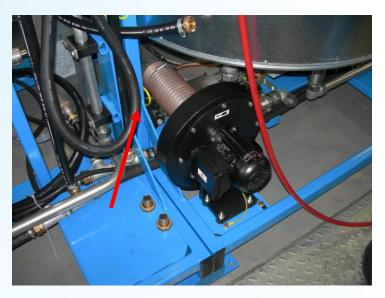


Tank station

exhaustion system with channel



integrated exhaust channel

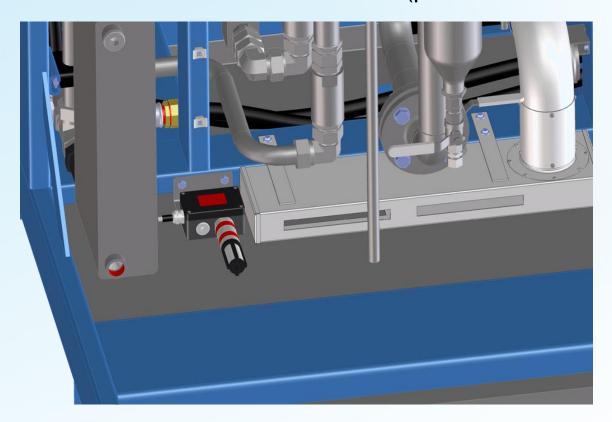


integrated fan (option)



Tank station

Pentane sensor installation (part of PPT control)



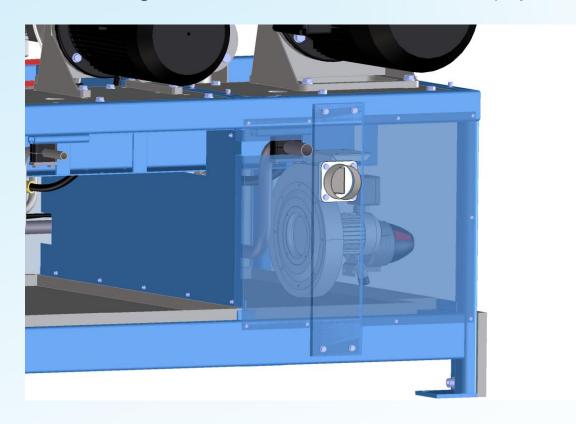


- Modifications of metering machine for processing Pentane
 - control box for mixhead in special execution (intrinsincly safe)
 - main switch with undervoltage release switch
 - interface to PPT control
 - local encapsulation below Polyol pump area (for directed exhaustion)
 - leakage control system for high/low pressure circulation switch-over valve
 - self closing valve in special design for pump venting



Metering machine

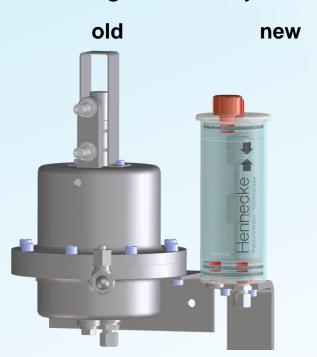
Integrated fan in machine bottom (Option)





Metering machine

New leakage control system

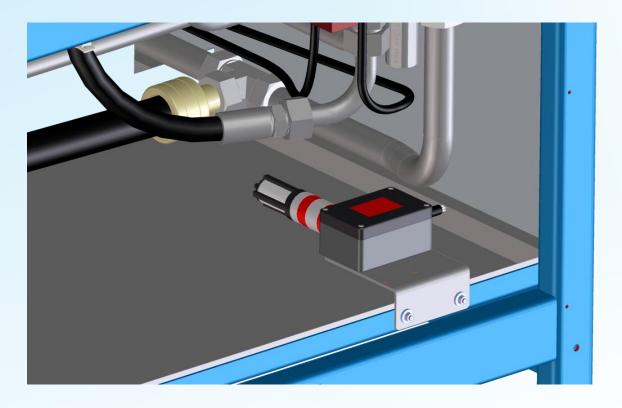




Easy refilling, optical filling control



- Metering machine
 - Pentane sensor installation (part of PPT control)

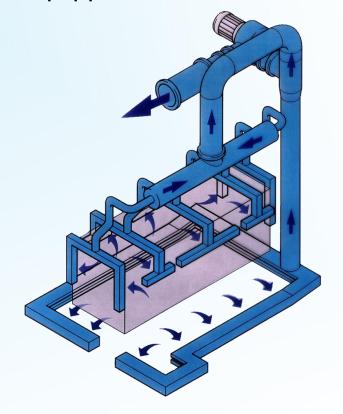




- For processing Pentane the following components need to be added
 - Exhaustion system
 - Inertization
- Additional changes are related to
 - fixtures
 - core heating
 - electronic control system
 - electrical installation



- Exhaustion system cabinet line
 - cabinet line fixtures will be equipped with directed exhaustion system



Exhaustion concept for fixtures



Exhaustion system cabinet line

 in Hennecke standard configuration the exhaustion system is effective on all 4 fixture side walls and additionally an exhaustion channel is mounted on the floor







Exhaustion system door line



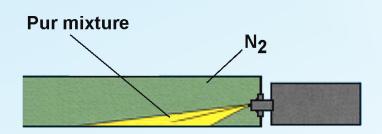


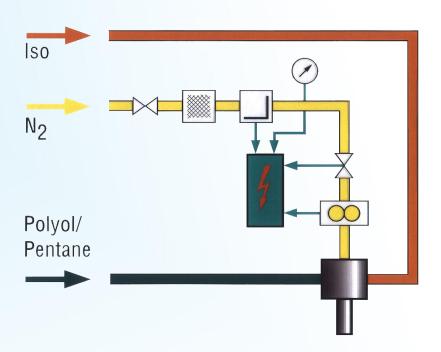
Inertization

- means filling the cabinets with inert nitrogen to prevent explosive atmosphere inside the cabinet
- due to electrostatic charge of PS/PBS inliner sparks could easily appear
- can be done via mixhead or by additional device
- supervision by control system



Inertization







Modification on fixtures

- feeding conveyor belts made of special material
- grounding cables to prevent sparks due to electrostatic charge
- electrical installation needs to be checked and eventually be modified
- integration of exhaustion system
- core heating only by water or electrical system



Modification on electronic control system

- Interface to PPT control system
- in case of electrical heating in fixture during foaming and rising time the heating platens are switched off automatically
- in case of electrical heating for cores during foaming and rising time the core heating will be switched off automatically
- grounding needs to be installed on many areas



Primary safety-measures

- All measurements to avoid explosive atmosphere
- Goal: Prevention or reduction of Ex-zones
- Intelligent solutions for processes
- Durable technical thight solutions
- Leakage montitoring for dynamic sealings
- Inerting of tank volumes
- Inerting of closed cavities / mould volumes
- ventilation of open foaming processes and mould ventings





Secundary safety measures

- All measurements to prevent ignition sources
- redundant measurements
- Explosion approved equipment in remaining Ex-zones
- Definition of alarm zones and fire prevention zones
- Encapsulation / separation of wet part (machinery area)
- Monitored ventilation of wet part (machinery area)
- Gas- and / or leakage monitoring





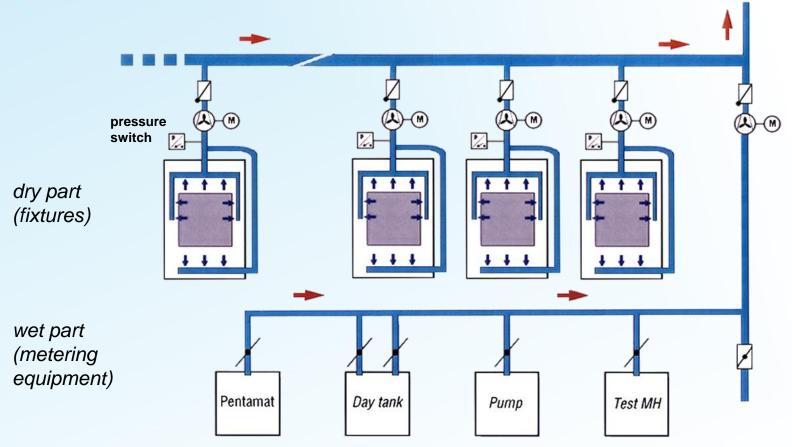
Additional safety measurements

- Attending measurement to ensure a safe use
- Measurements to ensure sustainability
- Manuals
- Safety checklists
- Recommendations for personal protective equipment
- Instructions for maintenance
- Advices to users responsibilities
- General items like tidiness and proper technical condition of equipment





Exhaustion concept for cabinet plant







Challenge: Ensuring sustainability of a high safety and technical standard!



"online water heater"

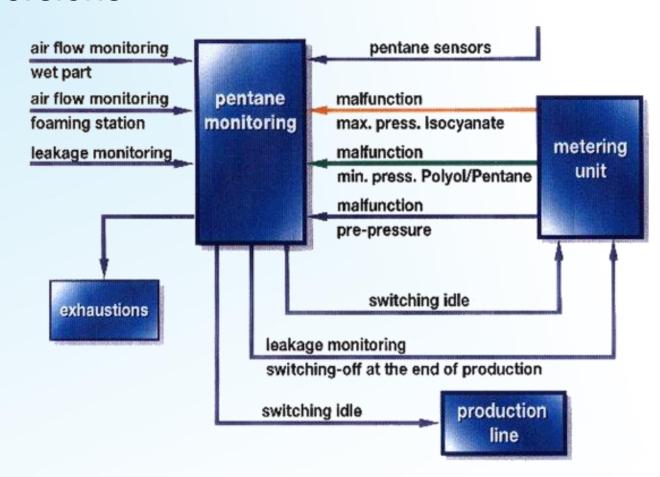


"universal plug system"





Pentane conversions



PPT Control



Some facts about 245fa

- leads to frothing effect (influence on filling)
- temperature control of mixed Polyol is very important
- pressure level at mixing and in day tanks must be 4 bar at the minimum
- much more expensive than cyclopentane
- higher content of 245fa necessary in Polyol compared to Pentane
- slightly better lambda value than all Pentane types
- no safety control necessary



- Necessary modifications for the processing of 245fa
- storage and premix:
 - pressure and temperature control is very important
 - bigger chillers normally recommended
 - special attention to seals
 - Pentamat suitable for 245fa
 - storage tanks for 245fa must be pressurized, if not pre-blended



- Necessary modifications for the processing of 245fa
- metering machine:
 - pressure and temperature control is very important, for existing equipment the situation must be checked
 - bigger chillers normally recommended, must be checked
 - special attention to seals, for existing equipment the situation must be checked



- Necessary modifications for the processing of 245fa
- dry part cabinet:
 - normally no changes required



- Necessary modifications for the processing of 245fa
- dry part door:
 - 245fa requires closed mould foaming
 - existing equipment needs to be modified, but when considering necessary effort, a modification of an existing door line is not economical if the complete system needs to be changed from open mould to closed mould pouring
 - if existing equipment is already prepared for closed mould pouring, normally no changes are necessary



What can we develop together with you?















Please, feel free to ask your question!